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June - 2022

For informed decisions on investing in Technical and Vocational
Education and Training...

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LMI Team

June, 2022

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CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

- 01. Informal Advertisements** : Advertisements published in the classified columns of the newspapers.
- 02. Formal Advertisements** : Advertisements published by enterprises with their own titles in the newspaper.

Following concepts and definitions used in the Quarterly Labour Force Survey, conducted by the Department of Census & Statistics, have been used in this publication.

- 03. Labour Force** : The labour force is composed of the economically active population of 15 years of age and over.
- 04. The economically active population** : Is defined as those persons who are/ were employed or unemployed during the reference period of the survey.
- 05. Not in labour force (not economically active)** : Persons who were neither working nor available/looking for work are classified as “not in the labour force”. Persons are not in the labour force for such reasons as: fulltime care of the household, full-time students, retired or old age, differently abled or are not interested in working for one reason or another.
- 06. Employed** : Persons, who worked as paid employees, employers own account workers (self employed), or unpaid family workers during the reference period are said to be employed. This includes persons with a job but not at work during the reference period.
- 07. Unemployed** : Persons available and/or looking for work, and who did not work and tried to find a job during the reference period.
- 08. Employee** : The person, who works for payment.
- 09. Employer** : The person, who employs at least one paid employee under him/her
- 10. Own account worker** : The person, who works for own or only with contributory family workers.
- 11. Unpaid family worker** : The person who works on his/her own family enterprise without any payment.
- 12. Unemployment rate** : Represent the number of unemployed persons as a percentage of the economically active labour force.
- 13. Reference Period** : In this survey there are two (2) reference periods, “current” reference period is the week preceding the week of the survey, i.e., last week. The “usual” reference period preceding 12 months, i.e., the past 12 months.

ABBREVIATIONS

NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
GCE (O/L)	General Certificate of Education (Ordinary Level)
GCE (A/L)	General Certificate of Education (Advanced Level)
NEC	Not Elsewhere Classified
ISIC	International Standard of Industry Classification
ISCO	Sri Lankan Standard Classification of Occupation
EPF	Employment Provident Fund
EPZ	Export Processing Zone
IP	Industrial Park
REDC	Regional Economic Development Commission
BOI	Board of Investment
NVQ	National Vocational Qualification
RPL	Recognition of Prior Learning
CBT	Competency Based Training
NCECP	National Certificate in Engineering Craft Practice
TVET	Technical and Vocational Education and Training
QLFS	Quarterly Labour Force Survey
LFPR	Labour Force Participation Rate
NES	Not Elsewhere Specified

INTRODUCTION

Generally, in a market place there are three key factors namely, demand, supply and price which determine shape and the very existence of the particular market. This is common for labour market too. Labour market is an intangible place where those who are in search of the labour and those who are able and willing to supply the labour, meet together.

Demand for labour is the number of employment opportunities available in the public and private sector institutions in and outside of the country. Supply of the labour represents the number of persons enter into the world of work from schools, universities, and technical and vocational training institutions. Price of the labour reflects the wage rates at which the Sri Lankan labour is exchanged locally and internationally.

This bulletin presents the labour market information such as demand for labour, labour force, employment, unemployment, wages and vocational training school and university performance in the Sri Lankan labour market. It reflects the characteristics, current trends and patterns of the Sri Lankan labour market.

Labour market information contained in this bulletin will be important for policy makers and planners at various levels in the Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) sector of the country. Employers, job seekers, trainees and career guidance agencies will find this information valuable for the researchers in the particular sectors.

Labour market information presented in this bulletin is a result of the analysis done on the data collected and tabulated from the sources of the Tertiary and Vocational Education Commission (TVEC), TVET providers, Department of Census and Statistics, Board of Investment and the Sri Lanka Bureau of Foreign Employment. These organizations deserve appreciation for timely supply of data pertaining to demand for and supply of labour.

SUMMARY AND HIGHLIGHTS

Demand for Labour

- 63,665 informal sector (advertisements published in the classified columns) and 8,485 formal sector (advertisements published by enterprises with their own titles in the paper) advertisements were counted during the period of January to June 2022.
- More than 80% of total job advertisements were published in sectors related to Elementary Occupations Service Workers & Shop & Market Sales Workers, Craft and Related Workers and Plant & Machine Operators and Assemblers categories in 1st half of 2022.
- 47.1% percent of the advertisements were not preferred gender during the 1st half of 2022.
- About 12% percent of the advertisements required previous work experience during the 1st half of 2022.

Employment

- About 8.28 million employments was reported during the period of January to June 2022.
- 15,615 employment opportunities have been estimated through BOI approved investments during the period of January to June 2022.
- 151,415 employees have gone for foreign employment through all sources during the period of January to June 2022.
- 24.9% of departures to Kuwait for foreign employment was reported during the 1st half of 2022.

Unemployment

- From the total unemployed persons, 72.5% were recorded as undergone no vocational training during the period of January to June 2022.
- It was reported 4.5% unemployment rate for the period of January to June in 2022 while female unemployment rate and male unemployment rate were reported as 6.5% and 3.4% respectively.

Vocational Training

- 57,794 persons have received 62,975 of National Vocational Qualification (NVQ) Certificates in 173 occupational categories during January to June 2022.
- It has been observed 6.5% that 6.3 percent of National Vocational Qualification (NVQ) certificates were obtained through Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) route in 1st half of 2022.

Note

Following occupational names have been changed,

Mason	→ Construction Craftsman
Carpenter (Building)	→ Wood Craftsman (Building)
Carpenter (Furniture)	→ Wood Craftsman (Furniture)



Demand for Labour

Section 1:

This section describes the demand for jobs in government, private and NGO sector over several consecutive years up to the period under review. The job demand is classified into formal, informal, gender, experience requirements, educational attainment, main occupational category and industrial sector according to the newspaper advertisement survey conducted by the Labour Market Information section of Tertiary and Vocational Education Commission.

SECTION - 1 | DEMAND FOR LABOUR

Section 1 discusses the demand for labour in Sri Lanka. Demand for labour was obtained from the newspaper job advertisements survey done by the Tertiary and Vocational Education Commission (TVEC). The newspaper job advertisements survey has considered two weekend newspapers, 'Sunday Observer' and 'Lankadeepa' that are the key newspapers publishing the job advertisements in Sri Lanka. In addition, since 2008, job advertisements published in the Government Gazette are also being included in the survey. Job advertisements were counted carefully avoiding repeated advertisements published in the two newspapers and the Government Gazette.

Table 1.1: Distribution of No. of Job Advertisements by Job Provider

Job Provider	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st Half 2022
Government	674	256	694	583	75
Semi Government	1,087	570	450	461	124
Private	213,986	159,999	121,765	143,076	71,947
NGO	244	108	94	37	4
Total	215,991	160,933	123,003	144,157	72,150

As shown in table 1.1, the total number of job advertisements published in both newspapers and the Government Gazette increased to 72,150 in the 1st half of 2022 from 65,752 recorded in the 1st half of 2021. Considering job provider, private sector has dominated as the leading job provider with 99 percent of the total job advertisements appeared in the 1st half of 2022.

Graph 1.1: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisement by Job Provider in 1st half of 2022

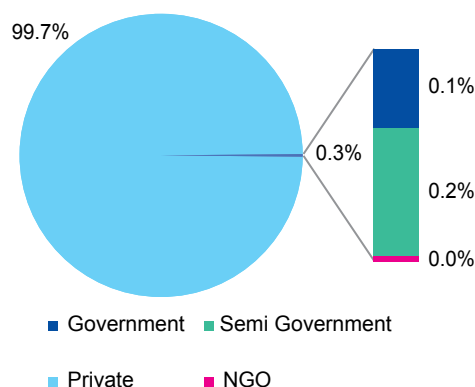


Table 1.2: No. of Job advertisements by Formal/ Informal Classification

Classification / Sector	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st Half 2022
Formal	42,991	27,763	18,289	22,697	8,485
Informal	173,000	133,170	104,714	121,460	63,665
Total	215,991	160,933	123,003	144,157	72,150

Informal - Taken from the Classified Advertisements

Table 1.2 reveals that, the number of job advertisements published under the informal classification is higher than the formal classification. 88.2 percent of the total job advertisements were published under the informal classification in the 1st half of 2022.

Graph 1.2: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Formal/ Informal Classification in 1st half of 2022

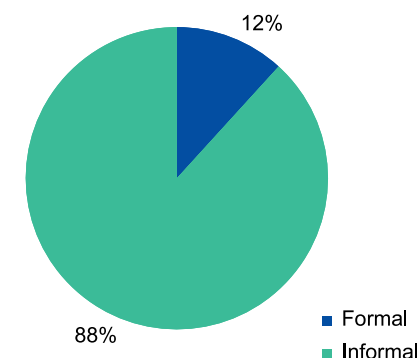
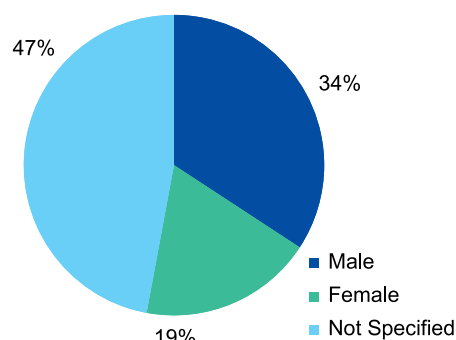


Table 1.3: No. of Job Advertisements by Gender

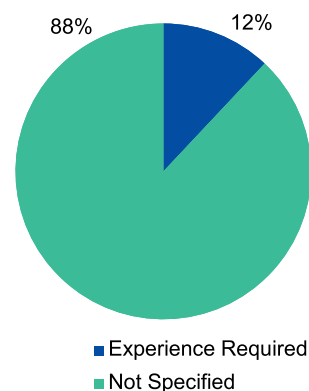
Gender	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st Half 2022
Male	92,277	72,298	28,754	49,409	24,689
Female	35,102	29,118	19,091	20,874	13,492
Not Specified	88,612	59,517	75,158	73,874	33,969
Total	215,991	160,933	123,003	144,157	72,150

Considering the gender preference of the advertisements, 47.1 percent of total job advertisements have not specified the gender preference in the 1st half of 2022. As shown in table 1.3, percentage of male preference advertisements is higher than that of females. 34.2 percent of advertisements preferred male while 18.7 percent preferred to recruit female workers in the 1st half of 2022.

Graph 1.3: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Gender in 1st half of 2022**Table 1.4: No. of Job Advertisements by Experience Requirement**

Experience Requirement	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st Half 2022
Experience Required	31,876	25,142	11,993	16,228	8,660
Not Specified	184,115	135,791	111,010	127,929	63,490
Total	215,991	160,933	123,003	144,157	72,150

There were 8,660 (12%) advertisements that required previous work experience in the 1st half of 2022.. 88 percent of the total job advertisements have not specified the previous work experience.

Graph 1.4: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Experience Requirement in 1st half of 2022**Table 1.5: No. of Job Advertisements by Educational Attainment**

Educational Requirement	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st Half 2022
Degree & Above	3,367	1,941	1,421	1,689	595
GCE A/L	4,529	3,449	2,083	2,025	1,184
GCE O/L	3,866	3,127	2,071	2,258	1,244
Below GCE O/L	143	57	68	177	204
Not Specified	204,086	152,359	117,360	138,008	68,923
Total	215,991	160,933	123,003	144,157	72,150

As per table 1.5, 595 (0.82%) job advertisements have required Degree & above educational qualification and 1,184 (1.64%) job advertisements have required GCE A/L qualification in the 1st half of 2022. 95.5 percent of the total job advertisements have not specified the requirement of educational qualifications.

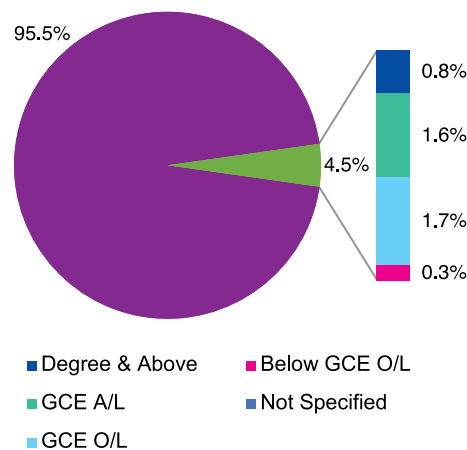
Graph 1.5: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Educational Attainment in 1st half of 2022

Table 1.6: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Main Occupational Category (Based on ISCO - 08) and Gender in 1st half of 2022

No.	Main Occupational Category	Gender (%)			Total	
		Male	Female	Not Specified	%	No.
1	Elementary Occupations	4,380	6,636	8,741	100	19,757
2	Service Workers & Shop & Market Sales Workers	5,598	2,351	8,288	100	16,237
3	Craft & Related Workers	6,915	414	6,685	100	14,014
4	Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	4,773	388	3,351	100	8,512
5	Technicians & Associate Professionals	1,518	1,704	2,757	100	5,979
6	Clerks	741	1,346	2,092	100	4,179
7	Professionals	229	564	1,269	100	2,062
8	Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers	343	85	667	100	1,095
9	Skilled Agricultural & Fishery Workers	192	4	119	100	315
10	Armed Forces	-	-	-	100	-
	Total	24,689	13,492	33,969	100	72,150

As shown in table 1.6, elementary occupation category was the most demanded occupational category in the 1st half of 2022.

Graph 1.6: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Main Occupational Category in 1st half of 2022

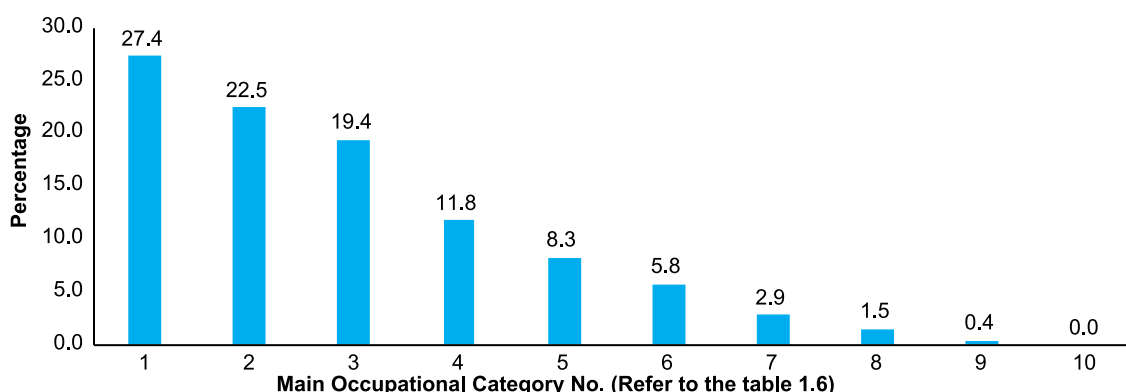


Table 1.7: Variation Pattern of Job Advertisements by Main Occupational Category in 1st half of 2022

No.	Main Occupational Category	1st half of 2020	1st half of 2021	Increase	Pattern
1	Elementary Occupations	16,874	19,757	17.1%	↑
2	Service Workers & Shop & Market Sales Workers	12,108	16,237	34.1%	↑
3	Craft & Related Workers	15,971	14,014	-12.3%	↓
4	Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	8,178	8,512	4.1%	↑
5	Technicians & Associate professionals	6,301	5,979	-5.1%	↓
6	Clerks	3,040	4,179	37.5%	↑
7	Professionals	1,917	2,062	7.6%	↑
8	Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers	1,074	1,095	2.0%	↑
9	Skilled Agricultural & Fishery Workers	285	315	10.5%	↑
10	Armed Forces	4	-	-100.0%	↓
	Total	65,752	72,150	8.87%	↑

Considering the main occupational categories, job demand increased in all categories except Craft & Related workers, Technicians & Associate Professionals and Armed Forces categories in the 1st half of 2022 compared with the 1st half of 2021.

Table 1.8: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Main Occupational Category and Formal/Informal Classification in 1st half of 2022

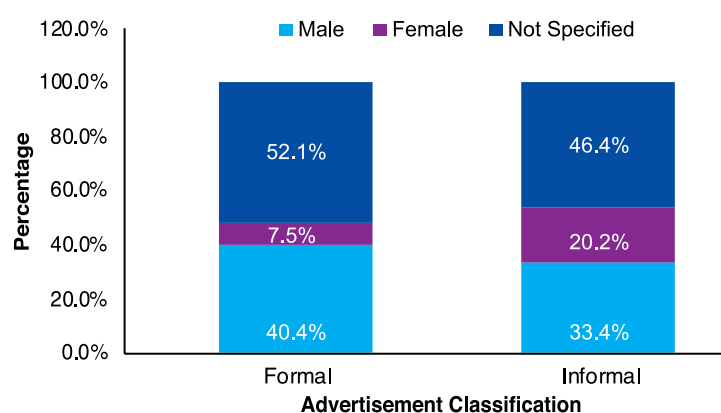
No.	Main Occupational Category	Classification (%)		Total	
		Formal	Informal	%	No.
1	Elementary Occupations	6.0%	94.0%	100.0%	19,757
2	Service Workers & Shop & Market Sales Workers	12.1%	87.9%	100.0%	16,237
3	Craft & Related Workers	9.4%	90.6%	100.0%	14,014
4	Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	10.8%	89.2%	100.0%	8,512
5	Technicians & Associate Professionals	23.1%	76.9%	100.0%	5,979
6	Clerks	17.3%	82.7%	100.0%	4,179
7	Professionals	29.9%	70.1%	100.0%	2,062
8	Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers	33.3%	66.7%	100.0%	1,095
9	Skilled Agricultural & Fishery Workers	6.0%	94.0%	100.0%	315
10	Armed Forces				0
	Total	11.8%	88.2%	100.0	72,150

Table 1.8 shows that, more than 85% of job advertisements for Elementary Occupation, Craft & Related Workers, Plant & Machine Operators & Assemblers and Skilled Agricultural & Fishery Workers and Service Workers & Shop & Market Sales Workers occupational categories have advertised under the informal classification in the 1st half of 2022.

Table 1.9: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Formal/Informal Classification and Gender in 1st half of 2022

Classification	Gender (%)			Total	
	Male	Female	Not Specified	%	No.
Formal	40.4%	7.5%	52.1%	100.0%	8,485
Informal	33.4%	20.2%	46.4%	100.0%	63,665
Total	34.2%	18.7%	47.1%	100.0%	72,150

Graph 1.7: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Advertisement Classification and Gender in 1st half of 2022

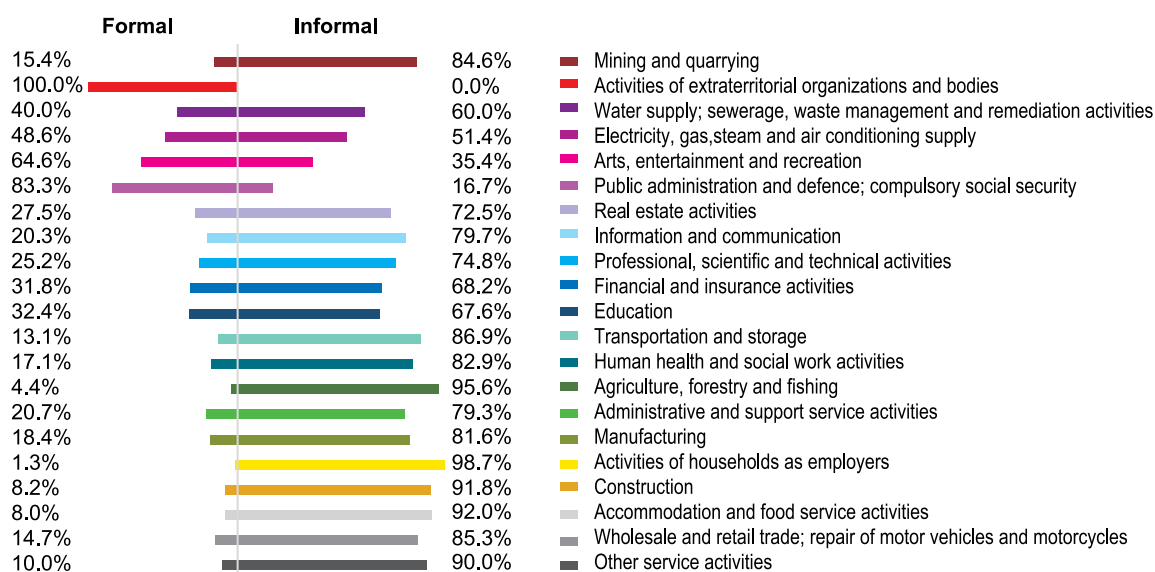


According to the table 1.9, more than 52.1% of formal advertisements have been published not specifying the gender preference while 40.4% of male preference advertisements and 7.5% of female preference advertisements have been published under the formal classification in the 1st half of 2022.

Table 1.10: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Industry Sector (Based on ISIC Fourth Revision) and Formal/Informal Classification in 1st half of 2022

Industry Sector	Advertisement Classification		Total	
	Formal	Informal	%	No.
Other service activities	10.0%	90.0%	100.0%	12,777
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	14.7%	85.3%	100.0%	12,642
Accommodation and food service activities	8.0%	92.0%	100.0%	12,350
Construction	8.2%	91.8%	100.0%	8,004
Activities of households as employers, undifferentiated goods - and service - producing activities of households for own use	1.3%	98.7%	100.0%	7,455
Manufacturing	18.4%	81.6%	100.0%	7,148
Administrative and support service activities	20.7%	79.3%	100.0%	4,093
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4.4%	95.6%	100.0%	2,344
Human health and social work activities	17.1%	82.9%	100.0%	1,665
Transportation and storage	13.1%	86.9%	100.0%	1,067
Education	32.4%	67.6%	100.0%	970
Financial and insurance activities	31.8%	68.2%	100.0%	469
Professional, scientific and technical activities	25.2%	74.8%	100.0%	317
Information and communication	20.3%	79.7%	100.0%	246
Real estate activities	27.5%	72.5%	100.0%	178
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	83.3%	16.7%	100.0%	132
Arts, entertainment and recreation	64.6%	35.4%	100.0%	113
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	48.6%	51.4%	100.0%	74
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	40.0%	60.0%	100.0%	50
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	30
Mining and quarrying	15.4%	84.6%	100.0%	26
Total	11.8%	88.2%	100.0%	72,150

Graph 1.8: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements in Selected Industries by Advertisement Classification in 1st half of 2022



As shown in table 1.10, in the 1st half of 2022, apart from the other service sector, Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles & motorcycles and Construction sector was the most in-demand sectors. The corresponding graph shows that, the number of advertisements appeared under the informal classification was very much lower than formal classification for public administration and defence; compulsory social security industry sector.

Table 1.11: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Experience Requirement and Gender in 1st half of 2022

Gender	Experience Required		Not Specified		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Male	4,561	18.5%	20,128	81.5%	24,689	100.0%
Female	1,112	8.2%	12,380	91.8%	13,492	100.0%
Not Specified	2,987	8.8%	30,982	91.2%	33,969	100.0%
Total	8,660	12.0%	63,490	88.0%	72,150	100.0%

As per table 1.11, around 12% of the total job advertisements have required previous work experience in the 1st half of 2022. Considering the female preferred advertisements, around 91.8% of job advertisements have not required previous work experience.

Graph 1.9: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements Requiring Experience by Gender in 1st half of 2022

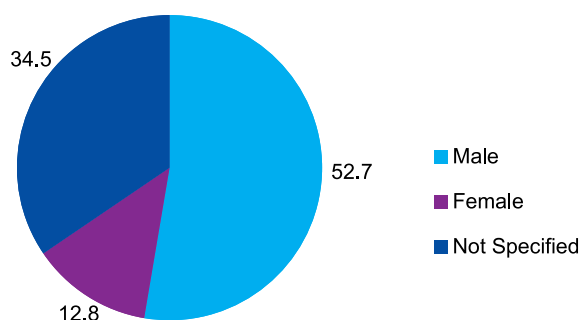


Table 1.12: Distribution of Job Advertisements Requiring Experience by Educational Attainment in 1st half of 2022

Educational Attainment	Experience required		Not specified		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Degree & above	408	68.6%	187	31.4%	595	100.0%
GCE A/L	231	19.5%	953	80.5%	1,184	100.0%
GCE O/L	265	21.3%	979	78.7%	1,244	100.0%
Below GCE O/L	17	8.3%	187	91.7%	204	100.0%
Not Specified	7,739	11.2%	61,184	88.8%	68,923	100.0%
Total	8,660	12.0%	63,490	88.0%	72,150	100.0%

Considering the Degree & above educational attainment category, around 68.6 percent of job advertisements have required previous work experience in the 1st half of 2022. In contrast 91.7 percent of below G.C.E. (O/L) educational qualification specified advertisements were published without requesting previous work experience.

Graph 1.10: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements Requiring Experience by Educational Attainment in 1st half of 2022

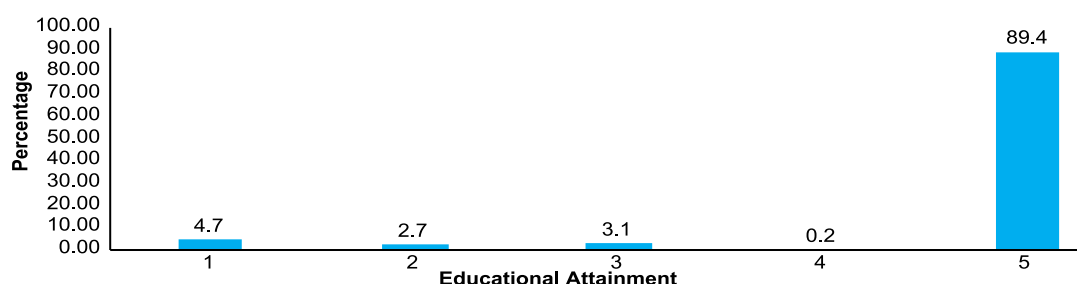


Table 1.13: Percentage Distribution of Job advertisements by Main Occupational Category and Experience Requirement in 1st half of 2022

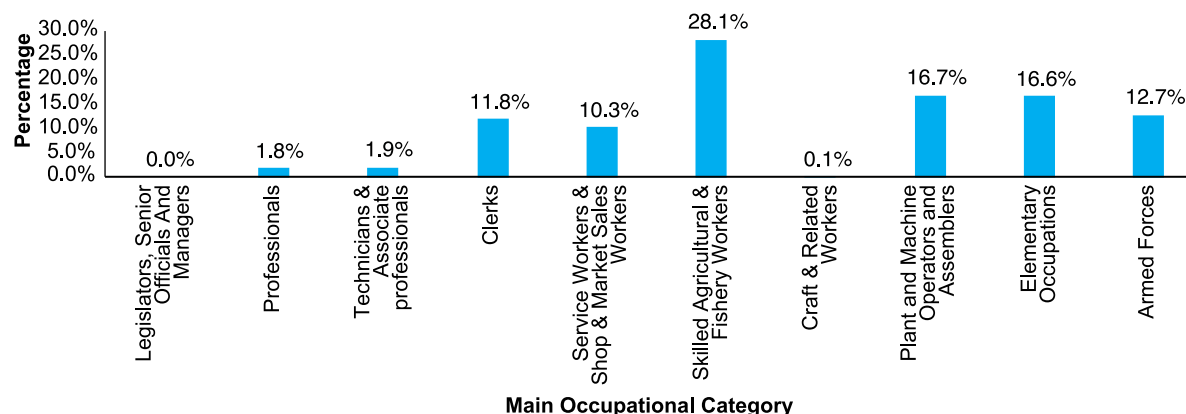
Main Occupational Category	Experience required		Not specified		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Elementary Occupations	1,143	5.8%	18,614	94.2%	19,757	100.0%
Service Workers & Shop & Market Sales Workers	1,940	11.9%	14,297	88.1%	16,237	100.0%
Craft & Related Workers	1,749	12.5%	12,265	87.5%	14,014	100.0%
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	1,330	15.6%	7,182	84.4%	8,512	100.0%
Technicians & Associate Professionals	1,009	16.9%	4,970	83.1%	5,979	100.0%
Clerks	540	12.9%	3,639	87.1%	4,179	100.0%
Professionals	574	27.8%	1,488	72.2%	2,062	100.0%
Legislators, Senior Officials And Managers	338	30.9%	757	69.1%	1,095	100.0%
Skilled Agricultural & Fishery Workers	37	11.7%	278	88.3%	315	100.0%
Armed Forces						
Total	8,660	12.0%	63,490	88.0%	72,150	100.0%

Considering the Elementary Occupations category, 94.2 % of job advertisements have not required previous work experience. 30.9 % of advertisements for Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers category have required previous work experience in the 1st half of 2022.

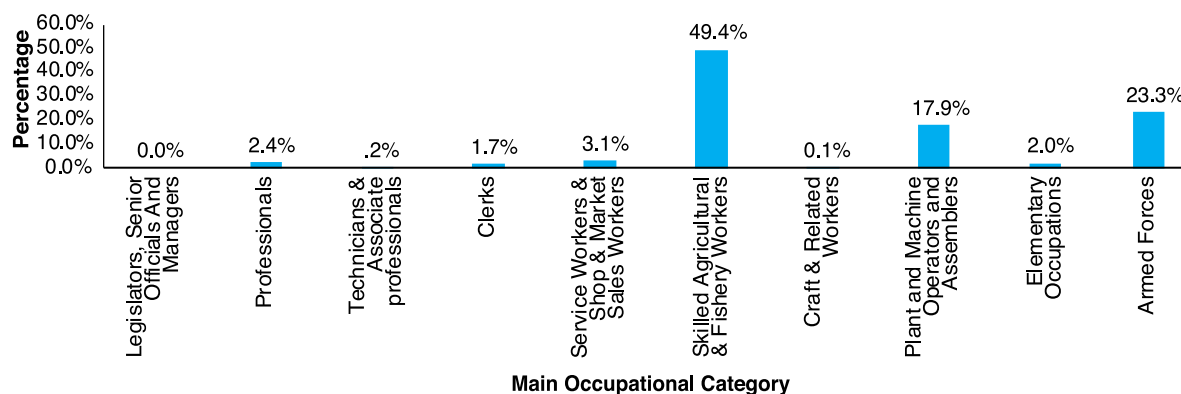
Table 1.14: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Selected Major Industrial Group and Main Occupational Category in 1st half of 2022

Industry Sector	Main Occupational Category (%)											Total	
	Legislators, Senior Officials And Managers	Professionals	Technicians & Associate professionals	Clerks	Service Workers & Shop & Market Sales Workers	Skilled Agricultural & Fishery Workers	Craft & Related Workers	Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	Elementary Occupations	Armed Forces		%	No.
Other service activities	0.0%	1.9%	4.1%	16.4%	10.4%	13.1%	.3%	14.4%	17.6%	21.7%		100.0%	12,777
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	0.0%	1.8%	1.9%	11.8%	10.3%	28.1%	.1%	16.7%	16.6%	12.7%		100.0%	12,642
Accommodation and food service activities	0.0%	2.4%	.2%	1.7%	3.1%	49.4%	.1%	17.9%	2.0%	23.3%		100.0%	12,350
Construction	0.0%	.4%	1.3%	3.0%	1.1%	.9%	0.0%	60.9%	8.0%	24.5%		100.0%	8,004
Activities of households as employers	0.0%	.0%	.3%	.1%	.1%	11.5%	.1%	.5%	4.9%	82.5%		100.0%	7,455
Manufacturing	0.0%	1.0%	1.3%	9.4%	4.0%	4.9%	.0%	35.2%	23.7%	20.5%		100.0%	7,148
Administrative and support service activities	0.0%	1.2%	.6%	3.5%	6.0%	73.1%	.0%	1.2%	4.0%	10.3%		100.0%	4,093
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.0%	1.1%	.4%	3.3%	.3%	2.2%	11.0%	1.4%	4.4%	76.0%		100.0%	2,344
Human health and social work activities	0.0%	1.2%	18.0%	31.8%	8.7%	22.5%	.1%	1.4%	2.0%	14.2%		100.0%	1,665
Transportation and storage	0.0%	0.6%	.7%	1.6%	4.2%	3.3%	0.0%	2.8%	73.1%	13.7%		100.0%	1,067
Education	0.0%	2.7%	53.5%	4.8%	9.8%	6.7%	.1%	3.6%	5.1%	13.7%		100.0%	970
Financial and insurance activities	0.0%	11.7%	6.4%	35.4%	22.4%	6.6%	.2%	1.7%	3.2%	12.4%		100.0%	469
Professional, scientific and technical activities	0.0%	2.2%	12.3%	15.5%	16.4%	1.9%	0.0%	25.9%	10.7%	15.1%		100.0%	317
Information and communication	0.0%	1.6%	11.0%	22.0%	11.4%	7.3%	0.0%	31.3%	4.5%	11.0%		100.0%	246
Real estate activities	0.0%	5.1%	6.2%	49.4%	17.4%	1.7%	0.0%	6.7%	1.1%	12.4%		100.0%	178
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	0.0%	10.6%	37.1%	15.9%	3.8%	16.7%	0.0%	5.3%	2.3%	8.3%		100.0%	132
Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.0%	10.6%	14.2%	17.7%	10.6%	22.1%	0.0%	7.1%	4.4%	13.3%		100.0%	113
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.0%	2.7%	2.7%	12.2%	2.7%	6.8%	0.0%	50.0%	9.5%	13.5%		100.0%	74
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.0%	4.0%	8.0%	32.0%	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	32.0%	4.0%	16.0%		100.0%	50
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	0.0%	10.0%	16.7%	40.0%	10.0%	6.7%	0.0%	6.7%	6.7%	3.3%		100.0%	30
Mining and quarrying	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.5%	65.4%	11.5%		100.0%	26
Total	0.0%	1.5%	2.9%	8.3%	5.8%	22.5%	0.4%	19.4%	11.8%	27.4%		100.0%	72,150

Graph 1.11: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Occupational Category for the Wholesale and Retail Trade (repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles) Sector in 1st half of 2022



Graph 1.12: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Occupational Category for the Accommodation and Food Service Activities Sector in 1st half of 2022



Graph 1.13: Percentage Distribution of Job Advertisements by Occupational Category for the Construction Sector in 1st half of 2022

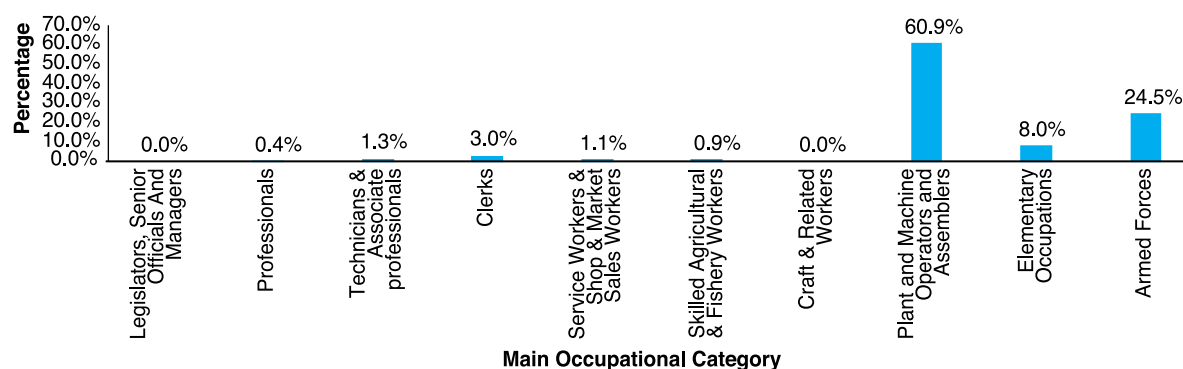


Table 1.15: High Demand Jobs in Formal Advertisements by Gender in 1st half of 2022

Occupation	Gender			Total
	Male	Female	Not Specified	
Security Officer	112	21	191	324
Heavy Truck Driver	147	0	55	202
Cashier	43	30	120	193
Helper (General)	57	7	114	178
Cook	83	9	85	177
Officer -in-Charge (Security)	78	0	71	149
Welder	88	0	58	146
Senior Security Officer	60	9	59	128
Electrician	65	0	61	126
Junior Security Officer	58	10	53	121
Receptionist (General)	10	48	34	92
Manufacturing Industry Labourer	16	1	75	92
Hand Packers	20	6	63	89
Chauffeur	44	2	39	85
Accounts Assistant	15	10	54	79
Carpenter	55	1	23	79
Kitchen Helper	37	0	42	79
Sales Representative	46	3	28	77
Accounts Clerk	5	21	50	76
Sales Assistant	26	9	39	74

The high demand jobs under the formal classification are presented in the table 1.15.
Security Officer was the highest demand occupation under the formal classification in the 1st half of 2022.

Table 1.16: High Demand Jobs in Informal Advertisements by Gender in 1st half of 2022

Occupation	Gender			Total
	Male	Female	Not Specified	
Char (Domestic Woman)	64	2,636	314	3,014
Helper (General)	349	161	2,159	2,669
Housemaid	19	2,454	50	2,523
Cook	1,057	134	1,205	2,396
Mason (General)	1,024	6	987	2,017
Heavy Truck Driver	1,048	16	526	1,590
Security Officer	481	97	988	1,566
Masseur	18	1,295	52	1,365
Cashier	347	320	644	1,311
Carpenter	611	4	581	1,196
Waiter	459	36	627	1,122
Sales Workers NEC	182	182	754	1,118
Chauffeur	369	23	647	1,039
Welder	541	57	354	952
Kotthu Maker	424	10	480	914
Kitchen Helper	425	33	436	894
Sales Assistant	233	124	487	844
Estate Labourer	96	14	676	786
Driver Light Vehicles	471	1	232	704
Baker	267	10	289	566

In the 1st half of 2022, even under the informal classification, the highest demand occupation Char (Domestic Woman).

Table 1.17: High Demand Jobs by Gender in 1st half of 2022

Occupation	Gender			Total
	Male	Female	Not Specified	
Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers				
General Manager	5	24	118	147
Hotel Manager (Providing Meals and Rooms)	48	11	85	144
Restaurant Manager	37	7	24	68
Sales Manager	12	7	47	66
Manager (Establishment)	25	1	38	64
Professionals				
Nurse	15	187	121	323
Graphic Designer	56	20	149	225
Occupational Therapist	1	140	49	190
Accountant	23	19	80	122
Pharmacist	11	12	79	102
Technicians and Associate Professionals				
Masseur	19	1,323	58	1,400
Sales Representative	212	12	226	450
Marketing Officer	75	12	232	319
Computer Operator	39	83	184	306
Supervisor (General)	36	16	242	294
Plant and Machne Operators and Assemblers				
Heavy Truck Driver	1,195	16	581	1,792
Chauffeur	413	25	686	1,124
Driver Light Vehicles	516	1	239	756
Three Wheeler Driver	329	3	169	501
Lorry Driver	303	7	165	475
Service Workers and Shop and Market Sales Workers				
Cook	1,140	143	1,290	2,573
Security Officer	593	118	1,179	1,890
Cashier	390	350	764	1,504
Waiter	488	37	668	1,193
Sales Workers NEC	199	189	803	1,191
Craft and Related Workers				
Mason (General)	1,067	7	1,009	2,083
Carpenter	666	5	604	1,275
Welder	629	57	412	1,098
Kotthu Maker	431	10	483	924
Baker	276	10	303	589
Electrician	196	28	260	484

Ranking of Local Jobs as per Job Demand in 1st half of 2022 (Selected Main Occupational Categories)

Fig 1.1: Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers

Job / Occupation	Rank
General Manager	1
Hotel Manager (Providing Meals and Rooms)	2
Restaurant Manager	3
Sales Manager	4
Manager (Establishment)	5
Shop Manager (Retail / Wholesale)	6
Marketing Manager	7
Hotel Manager (Not Providing Rooms)	8
Manager, Business Services and Administration NEC	9
Front Office Manager	10

Fig 1.2: Professionals

Job / Occupation	Rank
Nurse	1
Graphic Designer	2
Occupational Therapist	3
Accountant	4
Pharmacist	5
Montessori Teacher	6
Quantity Surveyor	7
Language Teacher	8
Primary Education Teacher (Grades 1-5 Classes)	9
Medical Doctor	10

Fig 1.3: Technicians and Associate Professionals

Job / Occupation	Rank
Masseur	1
Sales Representative	2
Marketing Officer	3
Computer Operator	4
Supervisor (General)	5
Sales Agent	6
Marketing Executive	7
Sales Executive	8
Recovery Officer	9
Quality Checker	10

Fig 1.4: Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers

Job / Occupation	Rank
Heavy Truck Driver	1
Chauffeur	2
Driver Light Vehicles	3
Three Wheeler Driver	4
Lorry Driver	5
Juki Machine Operator	6
Painter (Vehicle)	7
Driver other light Motor Vehicles	8
Car Driver	9
Van Driver	10

Fig 1.5: Service Workers and Shop and Market Sales Workers

Job / Occupation	Rank
Cook	1
Security Officer	2
Cashier	3
Waiter	4
Sales Workers NEC	5
Sales Assistant	6
Officer-in-Charge (Security)	7
Senior Security Officer	8
Beautician	9
Junior Security Officer	10

Fig 1.6: Craft and Related Workers

Job / Occupation	Rank
Mason (General)	1
Carpenter	2
Welder	3
Kotthu Maker	4
Baker	5
Electrician	6
Building Painter	7
Motor Vehicle Mechanic	8
Food and Beverage Maker	9
Hopper Maker	10

As shown in figure 1.6, the highest demanded occupation under the Craft & Related Workers category was recorded for Mason (General) in the 1st half of 2022.

Ranking of Local Jobs as per Job Demand in 1st half of 2022 (Selected Industrial Sectors)

Fig 2.1: Accommodation and Food Service Activities

Job/Occupation	Rank
Cook	1
Waiter	2
Kitchen Helper	3
Kotthu Maker	4
Cashier	5
Room Boy	6
Restaurant Labourer / Helper	7
Steward (Hotels and Restaurants)	8
Chef	9
Hopper Maker	10

Fig 2.2: Manufacturing of Wearing Apparels

Job/Occupation	Rank
Juki Machine Operator	1
Carpenter	2
Baker	3
Helper, General	4
Welder	5
Manufacturing Industry Helper	6
Tailor	7
Heavy Truck Driver	8
Three Wheeler Driver	9
Manufacturing Industry Labourer	10

Fig 2.3: Construction

Job/Occupation	Rank
Mason (General)	1
Helper, General	2
Carpenter	3
Building Construction Helper	4
Building Painter	5
Welder	6
Concrete Shutterer	7
Shuttle Operator	8
Bar Bender and Binder	9
Building Construction Labourer	10

Fig 2.4: Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles

Job/Occupation	Rank
Sales Workers NEC	1
Sales Assistant	2
Heavy Truck Driver	3
Cashier	4
Helper, General	5
Chauffeur	6
Office Clerk	7
Painter (Vehicle)	8
Welder	9
Sales Representative	10

Fig 2.5: Information and Communication

Job/Occupation	Rank
Graphic Designer	1
Computer Operator	2
Helper, General	3
Printer (General)	4
Type Setter	5
Data Entry Operator	6
Mounter (Photographic, Printing)	7
Assistant Printer	8
Book Binder (Hand)	9
Marketing Officer	10

Fig 2.6: Education

Job/Occupation	Rank
Montessori Teacher	1
Language Teacher	2
Primary Education Teacher (Grades 1-5 Classes)	3
Mathematics Teacher	4
University Lecturer	5
General Clerk	6
Foreign Language Teacher	7
Office Clerk	8
Science Teacher	9
Helper (General)	10

As shown in figure 2.1, the highest demanded occupation under the accommodation and food service activities sector was recorded for Cook in the 1st half of 2022.

Remuneration Level of Foreign Jobs in the 1st half of 2022

Table 1.18: Monthly Average Remuneration of Technicians and Associate Professionals in 1st half of 2022

Occupation	Average Monthly Remuneration	
	(US\$)	(Rs.)
Construction Supervisor	2,086.50	766,851
Purchasing Officer	810.00	297,699
Supervisor (General)	788.40	289,761
Administrative Officer	742.50	272,891
Sales Executive	675.00	248,083
Signals Officer	643.95	236,671
Technical Officer (Mechanical)	606.08	222,751
Maintenance Officer	600.00	220,518
Site Supervisor	560.00	205,817
Air-Conditioning Plant Operator	540.00	198,466
Technician (General)	486.00	178,620
Technician - Heating / Ventilation / Refrigeration	482.50	177,333
Air Conditioning Technician (Officer Level)	436.80	160,537
Technician (Workshop)	340.00	124,960
Sales Agent	270.00	99,233

The remuneration levels of foreign jobs have been identified from the newspaper job advertisements survey done by the Tertiary and Vocational Education Commission. Majority of job advertisements for the foreign employment were from Middle East countries in the 1st half of 2022.

Table 1.19: Monthly Average Remuneration of Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers in 1st half of 2022

Occupation	Average Monthly Remuneration	
	(US\$)	(Rs.)
Sewing Machine Operator	1,568.20	576,361
Chauffeur	1,217.21	447,360
Excavator Operator	1,134.00	416,779
Milling Machine Operator	785.80	288,805
Crane Operator	775.58	285,050
Juki Machine Operator	686.12	252,170
Heavy Truck Driver	682.61	250,879
Lathe Machine Operator	672.86	247,295
Winch man	643.95	236,671
Bottling Machine Operator	642.00	235,954
Fork Lift Operator	626.74	230,345
Heavy Equipment Operator	576.99	212,062
Painter (Vehicle)	520.00	191,116
Offset Pressman	459.00	168,696
Driver other light Motor Vehicles	432.00	158,773
Car Driver	425.25	156,292
Driver Light Vehicles	415.45	152,690
Printing Machine Operator	405.00	148,850

Source: Newspaper job Advertisement Survey, LMI Unit TVEC

Note: Monthly average salary in rupees was calculated at the rate 1 US\$=Rs. 367.53 as at 31st December 2022

Table 1.20: Monthly Average Remuneration of Service Workers & Shop & Market Sales Workers in 1st half of 2022

Job/Occupation	Average Monthly Remuneration	
	(US\$)	(Rs.)
House Keeper	2,259.83	830,557
Delivery Person (Gas Cylinder / Flower / Pizza etc.)	2,227.50	818,673
Personal Care Workers in Health Services NEC	1,268.20	466,103
Chef	1,236.20	454,341
Head Waiter	945.00	347,316
Chef de Partie	846.67	311,175
Cleaning Supervisor	761.40	279,837
Pastry Chef	662.50	243,489
Sales Assistant	650.97	239,251
Pump Attendant (Petrol Shed)	650.97	239,251
Building Caretaker / Keeper	600.00	220,518
Sales Workers NEC	600.00	220,518
Demi Chef	550.00	202,142
Shop Salesperson	540.00	198,466
Waiter	494.98	181,919
Delivery Man (Bread / Milk / News Paper etc.)	477.00	175,312
Cook	450.80	165,683
House Keeping Attendant	450.00	165,389
Bartender	420.00	154,363
Assistant Cook	407.15	149,640

Table 1.21: Monthly Average Remuneration of Professionals in 1st half of 2022

Occupation	Average Monthly Remuneration	
	(US\$)	(Rs.)
Civil Engineer	2,281.50	838,520
Nurse	1,484.67	545,660
Quantity Surveyor	1,255.55	461,452
Medical Doctor	925.00	339,965
Engineering Professionals NEC	800.00	294,024
Mechanical Engineer	780.00	286,673
Audit Superintendent	725.00	266,459
Assistant Engineer - Civil	675.00	248,083
Accountant	675.00	248,083
Engineer- Projects	364.50	133,965

Source: Newspaper job Advertisement Survey, LMI Unit TVEC

Note: Monthly average salary in rupees was calculated at the rate 1 US\$=Rs.367.53 as at 31st December 2022

Table 1.22: Monthly Average Remuneration of Craft & Related Workers in 1st half of 2022

Occupation	Average Monthly Remuneration	
	(US\$)	(Rs.)
Welder	1,095.52	402,637
Printing Pressman	945.00	347,316
Carpenter	783.38	287,915
Electrician (Motor)	700.00	257,271
Hand Dipper	594.00	218,313
Floor Tile Setter	560.00	205,817
Spray Painter (Building Frames and Wood)	560.00	205,817
Aluminium Fabricator	560.00	205,817
Scaffolder	540.00	198,466
Motor Mechanic	540.00	198,466
Motor Vehicle Mechanic	520.00	191,116
Rigger	496.80	182,589
Bar Bender and Binder	495.00	181,927
Terrazzo Worker	482.50	177,333
Plasterer	450.00	165,389
Painter (Except Spray Painting and Varnishing)	448.80	164,947
Mechanic (General)	446.43	164,076
Electrical Mechanic	435.17	159,937
Air Conditioning Mechanic	434.88	159,831
Building Painter	432.60	158,993

Source: Newspaper job Advertisement Survey, LMI Unit TVEC

Note: Monthly average salary in rupees was calculated at the rate 1 US\$=Rs.367.53 as at 31st December 2022



Employment

Section 2 :

This section focuses on the information on employment which defines as to how work carried out in return for payment and refers to the number of people in employment. Employed population and employment rates by gender, industrial groups and occupational groups are included in this section. Information on Labour requirement of new projects of Board of Investment (BOI) is also included in the employment section. Furthermore, Labour market trends in labour demanded by foreign countries are also included in this section by country of departure, gender, level of employment, job demand categories etc..

SECTION - 2.1 | EMPLOYMENT (General)

2.1.1: Employment (General)

Section 2.1.1 focuses on employment in the various industry sectors of the country. Information for the section 2.1.1 was obtained from the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS) in Sri Lanka. Quarterly Labour Force Survey of DCS has provided useful inputs for this section.

Table 2.1.1.1: Employed Population and Employment Rates

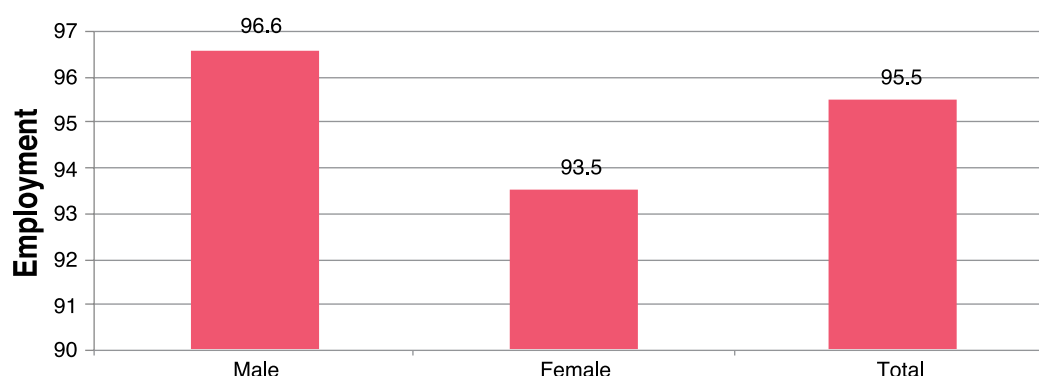
Year	Employed Population			Employment Rate(% to Total Labour Force)		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
2004*	4,512,082	2,191,924	6,704,006	94.0	87.9	91.9
2005*	4,546,397	2,241,722	6,788,119	94.7	89.3	92.8
2006*	4,610,643	2,494,679	7,105,322	95.3	90.3	93.5
2007*	4,653,067	2,388,807	7,041,874	95.7	91.0	94.0
2008*	4,663,277	2,511,429	7,174,706	96.4	92.0	94.8
2009*	4,609,198	2,530,339	7,139,537	95.7	91.8	94.3
2010*	4,770,376	2,465,265	7,235,641	96.5	92.5	95.1
2011*	4,855,242	2,574,552	7,429,794	97.3	93.7	96.0
2012*	4,867,975	2,466,656	7,334,631	97.1	94.2	96.1
2013*	4,876,169	2,735,238	7,611,407	96.8	93.8	95.7
2014*	5,548,131	2,875,862	8,423,994	96.9	93.5	95.7
2015**	5,097,798	2,733,178	7,830,976	97.0	92.4	95.3
2016**	5,149,948	2,797,735	7,947,683	97.1	93.0	95.6
2017**	5,279,158	2,929,020	8,208,178	97.1	93.3	95.7
2018**	5,300,310	2,714,855	8,015,166	97.0	92.9	95.6
2019**	5,368,896	2,811,796	8,180,693	96.7	92.6	95.2
2020**	5,372,947	2,626,146	7,999,093	96.0	91.5	94.5
2021**	5,414,280	2,699,228	8,113,507	96.3	92.1	94.9
2022(Jan - June)**	5,456,768	2,826,020	8,282,788	96.6	93.5	95.5

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics.

* Excluding Northern and Eastern provinces

** All Island

Graph 2.1.1.1: Percentage Distribution of Employed Population by Gender - 1st Half of 2022



Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census and Statistics

As shown in table 2.1.1.1, about 8.28 million persons were employed in the 1st half of 2022. Of these employed persons, about 5.46 million (65.9%) were males and 2.83 million (34.1%) were females.

Table 2.1.1.2 : Percentage Share of Employment by Industrial Group (Based on ISIC Forth Revision)- 1st half of 2022**

Indus. Group No.	Industrial group	1st half of 2022
1	Agriculture, forestry and fishing (A)	25.5
2	Mining & quarrying (B)	0.8
3	Manufacturing (C)	18.1
6	Construction, electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities (D, E,F)	9.0
7	Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles(G)	14.2
8	Transportation and storage (H)	6.1
9	Accommodation and food services activities (I)	2.8
10	Information and communication (J)	0.8
11	Financial and insurance activities (K)	2.1
13	Professional, scientific and technical activities (M)	1.0
14	Administrative and support service activities (N)	1.8
15	Public administration and defence compulsory social security (O)	5.5
16	Education (P)	5.6
17	Human health and social work activities (Q)	2.2
19	Other service activities (S)	2.0
20	Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services - producing activities of households for own use (T)	1.8
21	Other (Real estate activities (L) + Arts, entertainment and recreation ® + Activities of extra territorial organizations & bodies (U))	0.8
	All Groups	100.0

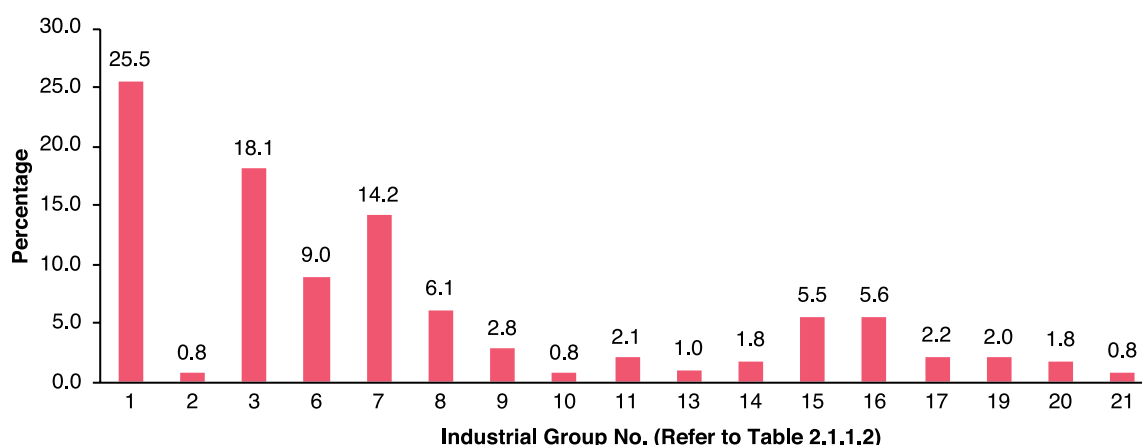
Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics.

** All Island

Note: [The tabulation groups based on ISIC (rev . 4) are indicated as A, B, C ,U. due to the limitations on reliability(based on CV), some of these groups have been combined]

As presented in table 2.1.1.2, the agriculture, forestry and fishing sector that accommodates around one fourth of the employed in the 1st half of 2022 continues to be the major source of employment. The Manufacturing and Wholesale & Retail Trade sectors jointly accommodate about 32.2 percent of the employed population in the 1st half of year 2022.

Graph 2.1.1.2: Percentage Share of Employment by Industrial Group - 1st half of 2022**



Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey , Department of Census & Statistics.

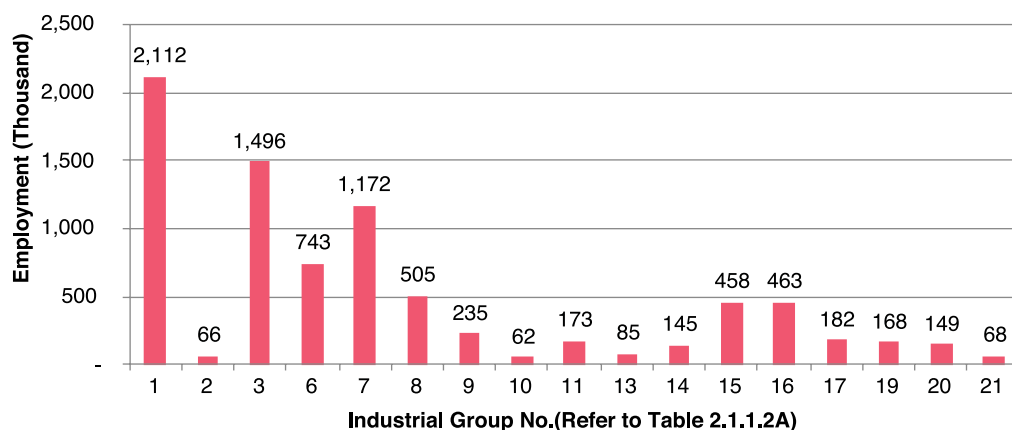
Table 2.1.1.2 A : Employment by Industry (Thousands) -1st half of 2022**

Indus. Group No.	Industrial group	1st half of 2022
1	Agriculture, forestry and fishing (A)	2,112
2	Mining & quarrying (B)	66
3	Manufacturing (C)	1,496
6	Construction, Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities (D, E,F)	743
7	Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles(G)	1,172
8	Transportation and storage (H)	505
9	Accommodation and food services activities (I)	235
10	Information and communication (J)	62
11	Financial and insurance activities (K)	173
13	Professional, scientific and technical activities (M)	85
14	Administrative and support service activities (N)	145
15	Public administration and defence compulsory social security (O)	458
16	Education (P)	463
17	Human health and social work activities (Q)	182
19	Other service activities (S)	168
20	Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services - producing activities of households for own use (T)	149
21	Other (Real estate activities (L) + Arts, entertainment and recreation (R) + Activities of extra territorial organizations & bodies (U))	68
	All Groups	8,283

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics.

** All Island

Graph 2.1.1.2A: Employment by Industrial Group (Thousands) -1st half of 2022**



Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census and Statistics

According to table 2.1.1.2 A, Agriculture sector recorded the highest employment (about 2.11 million) in the 1st half of 2022.

Table 2.1.1.3 : Percentage Share of Currently Employed Persons by Occupational Group (Based on ISCO 08) -1st half of 2022**

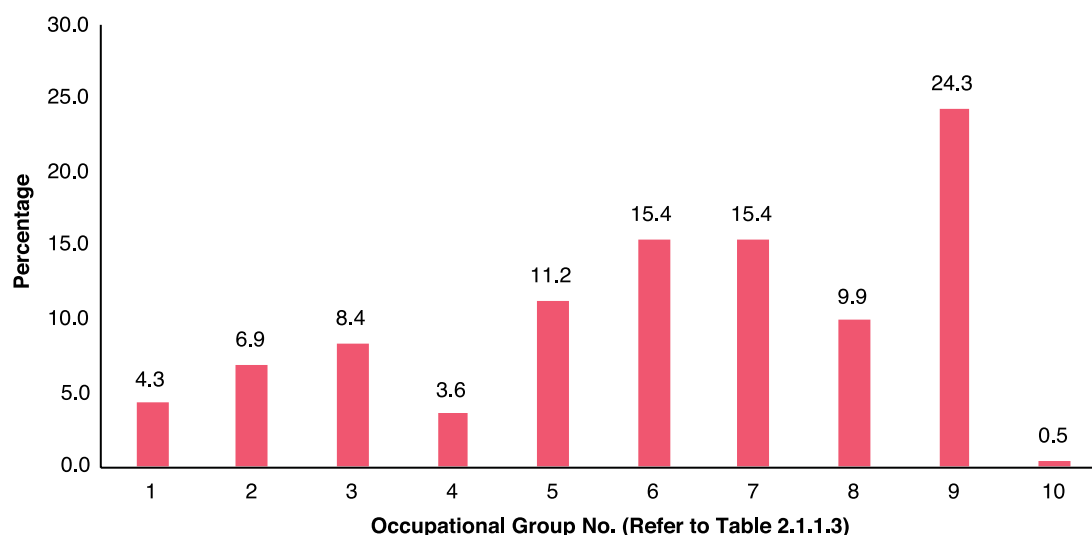
Occu. Group No.	Occupational Group	1st half of 2022
1	Managers, Senior Officials and Legislators	4.3
2	Professionals	6.9
3	Technicians & Associate Professionals	8.4
4	Clerks and Clerical support Workers	3.6
5	Services and Sales Workers	11.2
6	Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	15.4
7	Craft & Related Trades Workers	15.4
8	Plant & Machine Operators & Assemblers	9.9
9	Elementary Occupations	24.3
10	Armed Forces Occupations & Unidentified Occupations	0.5
	Total	100.0

Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey , Department of Census and Statistics

** All Island

Note: Above occupation groups are based on SLSCO-08, However , they are not necessarily the Major Groups of SLSCO-08 classification

Graph 2.1.1.1.3: Percentage Share of Currently Employed Persons by Occupational Group (Based on ISCO 08) - 1st half of 2022



Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census and Statistics

Table 2.1.1.3 has shown percentage of currently employed persons by major occupational groups. It was recorded that nearly 76.3 percent of the employed persons were in Elementary occupations, Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers, Craft and Related Workers, Services and Sales Workers, and Plant & machine operators & Assemblers categories in the 1st half of 2022.

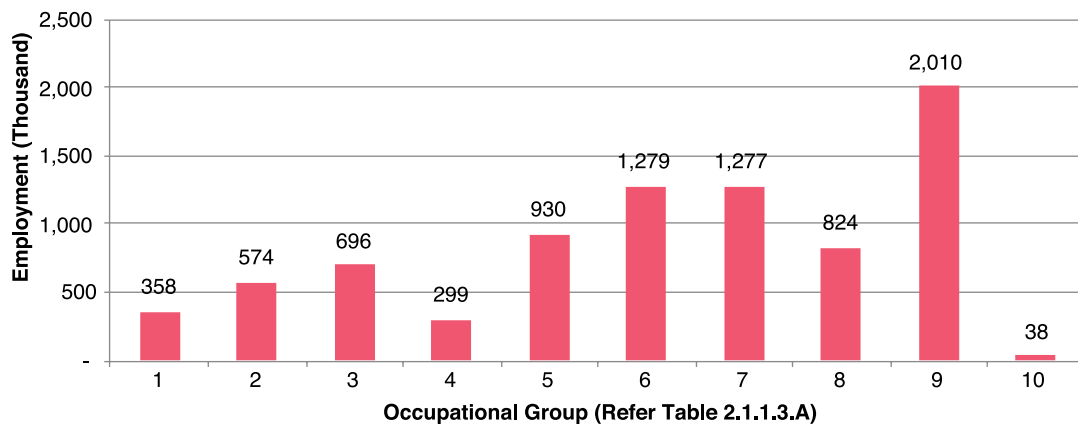
Table 2.1.1.3 A : Currently Employed Persons by Occupational Group (Thousands) -1st half of 2022**

Occu. Group No.	Occu. Group No.	1st half of 2022
1	Managers, Senior Officials and Legislators	358
2	Professionals	574
3	Technicians & Associate Professionals	696
4	Clerks and Clerical Support Workers	299
5	Services and Sales Workers	930
6	Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	1,279
7	Craft & Related Trades Workers	1,277
8	Plant & Machine Operators & Assemblers	824
9	Elementary Occupations	2,010
10	Armed Forces Occupations & Unidentified Occupations	38
	Total	8,283

Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census and Statistics

** All Island

Graph 2.1.1.13A: Employment by Industrial Group (Thousands) -1st half of 2022



Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census and Statistics

As per table 2.1.1.3A, the highest employment (about 2.01 million) was recorded in Elementary occupations while the lowest employment (0.038 million) was recorded in Armed Forces occupations in the 1st half of 2022.

Table 2.1.1.4 : Percentage Distribution of Pension/Provident Fund Entitled Employees by Main Occupational Category - 1st half of 2022**

Occupational Group	Pension/EPF Entitle			Total
	Yes	No	Do not know	
Managers, Senior Officials and Legislators	86.1	13.9	0.0	100.0
Professionals	88.6	11.1	0.3	100.0
Technicians & Associate Professionals	84.3	14.6	1.0	100.0
Clerks and Clerical Support Workers	78.2	20.4	1.4	100.0
Services and Sales Workers	53.2	44.1	2.7	100.0
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	3.1	92.9	4.0	100.0
Craft & Related Trades Workers	19.4	78.3	2.3	100.0
Plant & Machine Operators & Assemblers	51.2	45.3	3.5	100.0
Elementary Occupations	26.7	71.1	2.3	100.0
Armed Forces Occupations & Unidentified Occupations	87.4	12.6	0.0	100.0
Total	49.4	48.6	2.0	100.0

**All Island

- Not reported

 These figures are to be treated with caution as the corresponding CV (Coefficient of variation) values are high.
Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics.

Table 2.1.1.5 : Percentage Distribution of Occupational Condition by Main Occupational Category - 1st half of 2022**

Occupational group	Perma- nent	Tempo- rary	Casual	No Permanent employer	Total
Managers, Senior Officials and Legislators	84.8	10.5	4.6	0.1	100
Professionals	88.1	9.4	1.8	0.7	100
Technicians & Associate Professionals	78.5	15.3	5.4	0.8	100
Clerks and Clerical Support Workers	75.4	17.8	6.6	0.1	100
Services and Sales Workers	49.7	35.6	11.5	3.3	100
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	8.8	43.2	10.6	37.4	100
Craft & Related Trades Workers	18.6	41.5	12.8	27.2	100
Plant & Machine Operators & Assemblers	45.0	38.2	12.0	4.9	100
Elementary Occupations	22.8	34.5	12.1	30.6	100
Armed Forces Occupations & Unidentified Occupations	87.4	3.4	0.0	9.2	100
Total	46.2	29.1	9.6	15.1	100

Provisional

** All Island

 These figures are to be treated with caution as the corresponding CV (Coefficient of variation) values are high.
Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics.

As shown in table 2.1.1.4, more than 80% workers of Armed Forces, Senior Officials and Managers, Professionals and Technicians & Associate Professionals categories were entitled for EPF/Pension in the 1st half of 2022.

As shown in table 2.1.1.5, 46.2 percent of the total employed persons were permanent workers in the 1st half of 2022.

2.1.2: Employment (Board of Investment Projects)

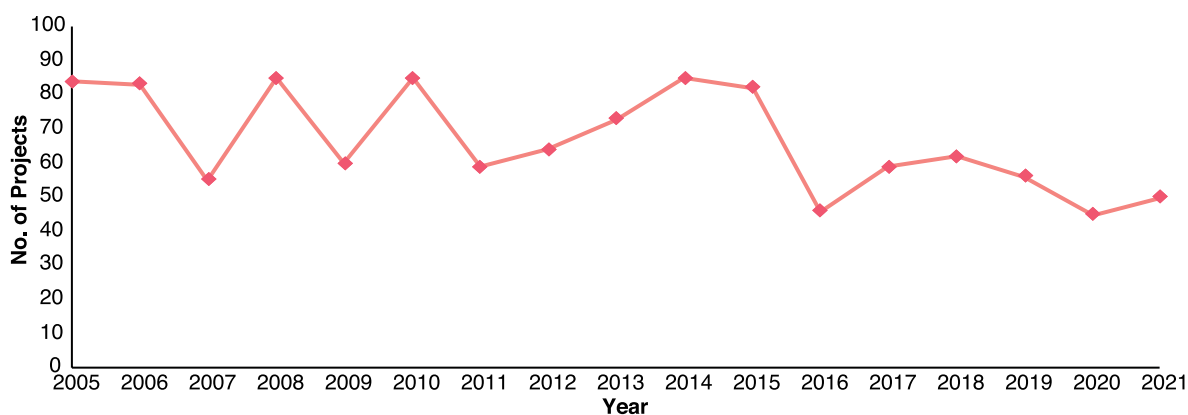
This section presents the new employment opportunities that may be created in near future through the project approved by the Board of Investment (BOI) of Sri Lanka. 85 projects were approved in the 1st half of 2022 (including expansion projects). The estimated employment capacity for these BOI projects was about 15,615.

Table 2.1.2.1 : Number of Establishments by Zone / Park and Year of Commencement of Commercial Operation

Year	Katunayake EPZ	Biyagama EPZ	Koggala EPZ	Meerigama EPZ	Wathupitiwala EPZ	Horana EPZ	Kandy IP	Seethawake IP	Malwatte EPP	Mawathagama EPZ	Polgahawela EPZ	Mirijawila EPZ	IP Pallekele	IP Wagawatta	RO (Provinces)	REDC Outside	Total
2005	3	3	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0					73	84
2006	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0					76	83
2007	3	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0					47	55
2008	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0					80	85
2009	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0					48	60
2010	1	3		3	1	1			1							75	85
2011	1	1			1	2	1	1								52	59
2012	1	3	2					1								57	64
2013	5	1		2		1										64	73
2014	2	2			2	3						1				75	85
2015		4		1	1	1		1				3				71	82
2016	2		1			1							1			41	46
2017	2	2	1			2										52	59
2018	3	1		1	1	2		2					1		4	47	62
2019	4		2		1	2				1					5	41	56
2020	3		2					1								39	45
2021	4	3		4		2					1		1	2	5	28	50
1st half of 2022				1		2						1			1	14	19

* Provisional
Including 200GFP & expansions
EPZ - Export Processing Zone
Source: Board of Investment of Sri Lanka

Graph 2.1.2.1: Trend of Commencement of New BOI Projects over the Period 2005 - 2021



Source : Board of Investment of Sri Lanka

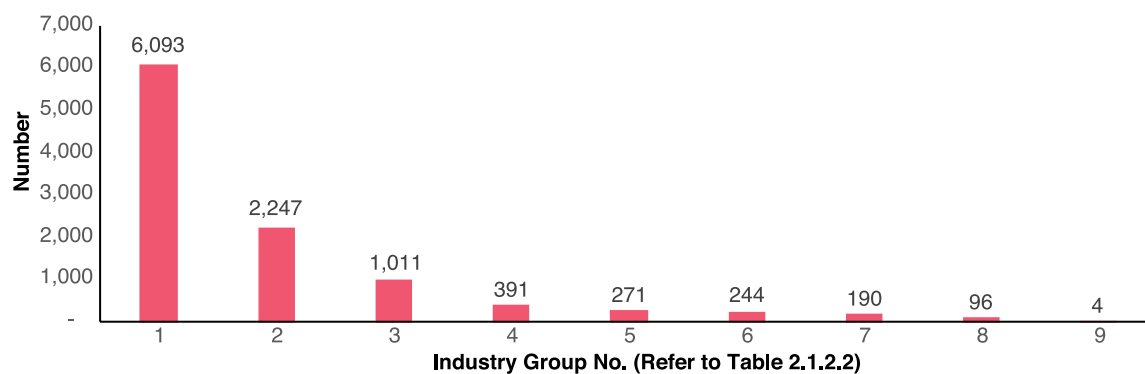
As shown in graph 2.1.2.1, the number of establishments, which have started commercial operations, fluctuated from 2006 to 2011, but it increased gradually from 2011 to 2014 and decreased in 2015 and 2016. However, again it was increased in 2017 and 2018. Also a slide decrease can be seen after the year 2018. However, the number of establishments, which have started commercial operations increased in 2021 compared to the year 2020.

Table 2.1.2.2 : Estimated Employment Capacity in Projects Approved by BOI in 1st half of 2022

Industry Group No.	Industry Group	No. of Projects #	Estimated Employment Capacity
1	Textile, Wearing Apparel & Leather	8	6,093
2	Services (Includes Agricultural Projects)	16	2,247
3	Manufactured Products (N.E.S.)	3	1,011
4	Paper, Paper Products, Printing & Publishing	3	391
5	Chemicals, Petroleum, Coal, Rubber & Plastic	2	271
6	Non- Metallic, Mineral Products	2	244
7	Fabricated Metal, Machinery, & Transport Eq.	2	190
8	Food, Beverage & Tobacco	1	96
9	Wood & Wood Products	1	4
	Total	38	10,547
	Expansions	47	5,068
	Grand Total	85	15,615

* Provisional
Including 200GFP & expansions
EPZ - Export Processing Zone
RO - Regional Office
Source: Board of Investment of Sri Lanka

Graph 2.1.2.2 : Estimated Employment Capacity in Projects Approved by BOI in 1st half of 2022



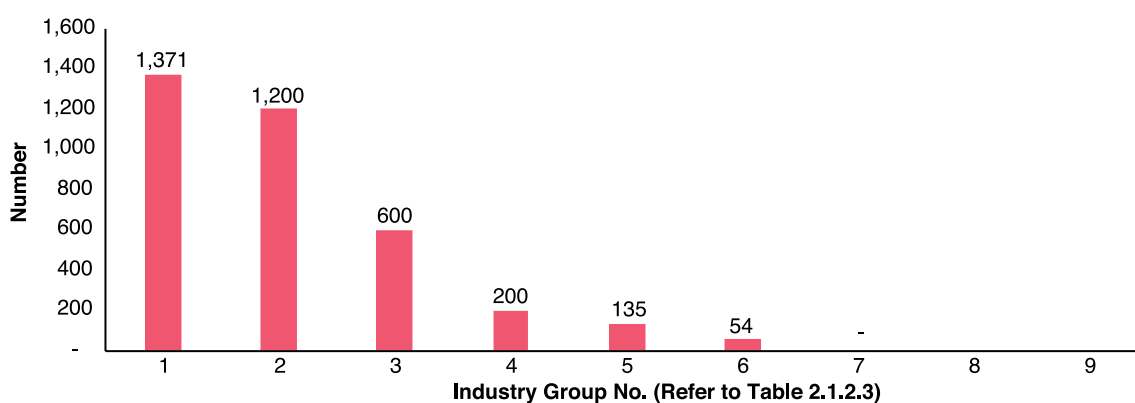
As shown in table 2.1.2.2 and graph 2.1.2.2, the highest employment capacity of 6,093 was recorded for the Textile, Wearing Apparel & Leather sector in the 1st half of 2022. Employment capacity for Services (Includes Agricultural Projects) sectors was 2,247 in the 1st half of 2022.

Table 2.1.2.3: Employment Capacity in Projects Commenced Commercial Operations by Industry Group in 1st half of 2022

Industry Group No.	Industry Group	No. of Projects	Estimated Employment Capacity
1	Services (Includes Agricultural Projects)	9	1,371
2	Textile, Wearing Apparel & Leather	1	1,200
3	Chemicals, Petroleum, Coal, Rubber & Plastic	1	600
4	Non- Metallic, Mineral Products	1	200
5	Fabricated Metal, Machinery, & Transport Eq.	5	135
6	Food, Beverage & Tobacco	1	54
7	Manufactured Products (N.E.S.)	1	-
8	Wood & Wood Products		
9	Paper, Paper Product, Printing & Publishing		
	Total	19	3,560

* Provisional
EPZ - Export Processing Zone
RO - Regional Office
Source: Board of Investment of Sri Lanka

Graph 2.1.2.3: Employment Capacity in Projects Commenced Commercial Operations by Industry Group in 1st half of 2022



According to the table 2.1.2.3 and graph 2.1.2.3, the highest employment capacity in projects commenced commercial operation was 1,371 and it was recorded for Services (Includes Agricultural Projects) sector in the 1st half of 2022. Industry groups related to Wood & Wood Products and Paper, Paper Product, Printing & Publishing have not been commenced any projects during the 1st half of 2022.

SECTION - 2.2 | EMPLOYMENT (FOREIGN)

2.2.1: Trends in Foreign Employment Opportunities

This section allocates space to discuss the trend in foreign employment opportunities. During the 1st half of 2022, 151,415 workers had gone for foreign employment through all sources. The highest number of departures for foreign employment was recorded for Kuwait (24.9%). Percentage of the departures for foreign employment for Qatar, and Saudi Arabia, were recorded 23.7 and 16.5 respectively of the total departures for foreign employment. According to the graph 2.2.1.2, in all manpower levels, percentage of male departures was higher than that of female departures except in the housemaid category in the 1st half of 2022. Housemaid category recorded the highest number of departures for foreign employment.

Table 2.2.1.1: Departures for Foreign Employment in 1st half of 2022 (Through All Sources)

Country	Total	Percentage
Kuwait	37,696	24.9
Qatar	35,852	23.7
Saudi Arabia	24,954	16.5
U A E	19,493	12.9
Oman	6,449	4.3
Maldives	4,705	3.1
Romania	3,600	2.4
South Korea	2,953	2.0
Japan	2,729	1.8
Jordan	2,620	1.7
Bahrain	1,764	1.2
Singapore	1,577	1.0
Cyprus	1,429	0.9
Israel	997	0.7
Seychelles	894	0.6
Lebanon	762	0.5
Malaysia	616	0.4
Other	2,325	1.5
All Countries	151,415	100.0

* Provisional

Through All Sources

Graph 2.2.1.1: Percentage of Departures for Foreign Employment in 1st half of 2022 (For selected countries)

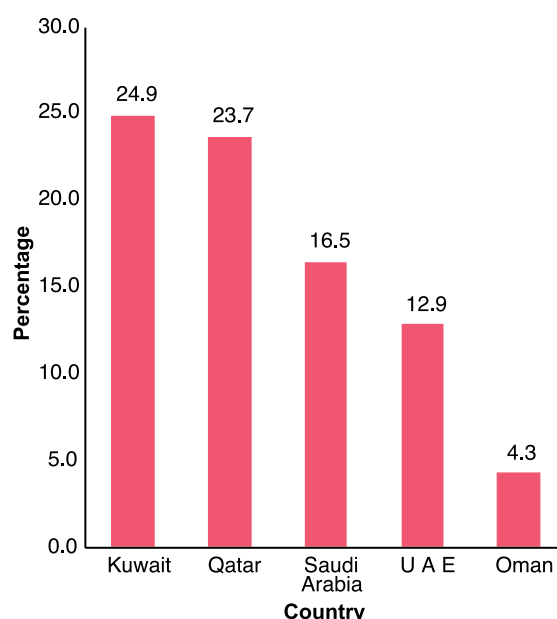


Table 2.2.1.2: Gender Distribution of Departures for Foreign Employment by Manpower Level in the 1st half of 2022

Gender	Professional	Middle Level	Skilled	Unskilled	Housemaid	Total
Male	6,728	3,520	42,655	31,966	-	84,869
Female	717	615	3,166	15,954	37,417	57,869
Total	7,445	4,135	45,821	47,920	37,417	142,738**

*Provisional

Source: Sri Lanka Bureau of Foreign Employment

**Note: Excluding Clerical Related and Semi Skilled Occupations

Graph 2.2.1.2: Percentage of Departures for Foreign Employment in 1st half of 2022 by Manpower Level and Gender

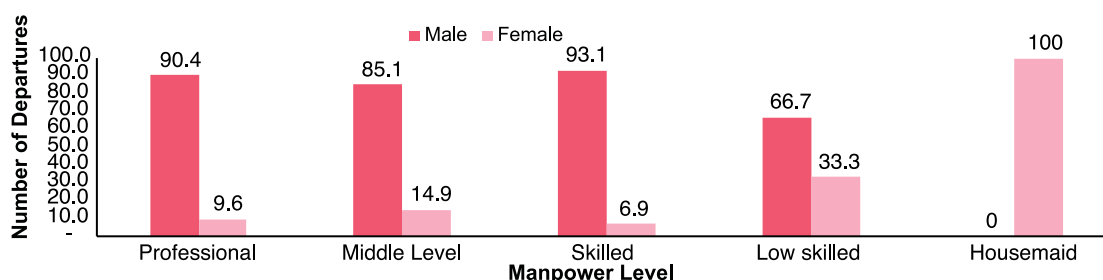


Table 2.2.1.3 : Foreign Employment Placements by Manpower Level (2005 - 2021)

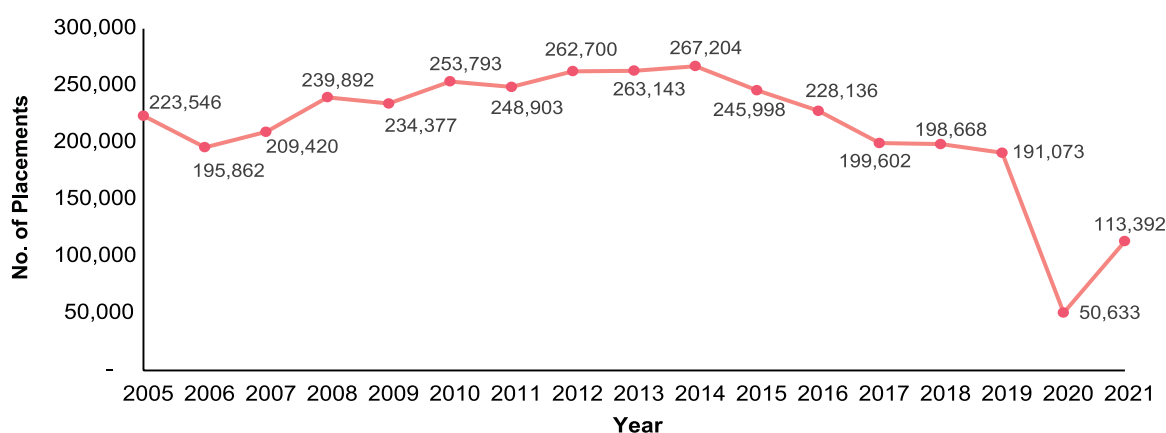
Year	Professional	Middle Level	Skilled	Unskilled	Housemaid	All Manpower Levels
2005	1,421	8,040	46,688	41,904	125,493	223,546
2006	1,619	6,665	45,307	41,143	101,128	195,862
2007	1,609	3,835	49,609	52,191	102,176	209,420
2008	2,836	9,072	59,848	59,427	108,709	239,892
2009	2,820	6,392	61,230	50,158	113,777	234,377
2010	2,974	6,720	71,114	59,898	113,087	253,793
2011	3,835	6,106	67,703	63,443	107,816	248,903
2012	4,445	9,278	67,078	62,847	119,052	262,700
2013	5,140	16,508	73,600	70,961	96,934	263,143
2014	5,340	20,749	73,039	79,415	88,661	267,204
2015	6,257	6,921	82,098	77,444	73,278	245,998
2016	6,574	8,235	76,559	71,641	65,127	228,136
2017	6,371	7,124	68,993	61,057	56,057	199,602
2018	7,210	7,748	67,053	51,719	64,938	198,668
2019	9,860	5,725	62,719	51,200	61,569	191,073
2020	2,954	1,498	16,733	14,061	15,387	50,633
2021	8,309	4,216	39,966	31,497	29,404	113,392
1st half of 2022	7,445	4,135	45,821	47,920	37,417	142,738

**Provisional*

Source: Sri Lanka Bureau of Foreign Employment

Note: Excluding Clerical Related and Semi Skilled Occupations

Graph 2.2.1.3: Foreign Employment Placements by Year

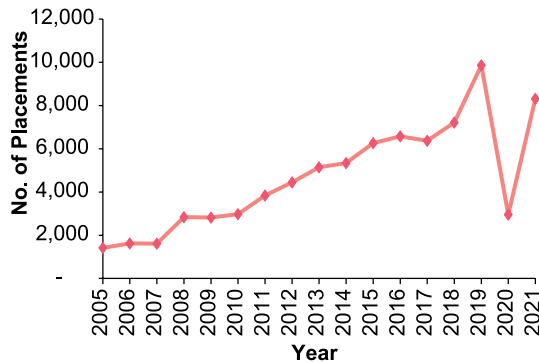


A steady increase can be seen in total number of foreign employment placements since 2006. However, it shows a fluctuation from 2008 to 2014. It was considerably decreased from 2015 to 2017. It can also be seen a decline from 2017 to 2019 and by 2020 it has dropped significantly. However, it was considerably increased in 2021.

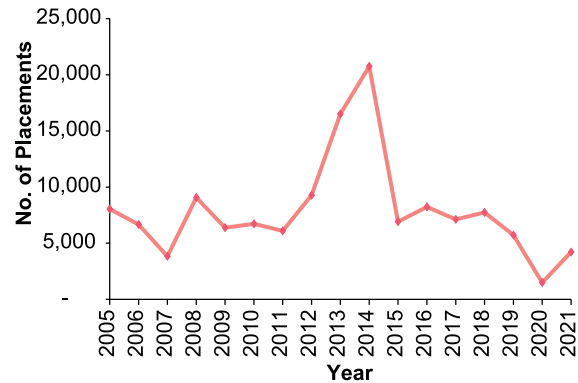
2.2.2: Trends in Foreign Employment Placements for Different Level of Jobs

Graph 2.2.2.1 to graph 2.2.2.5 shows trends in foreign employment placements for major job categories. An increasing trend in professional jobs category has changed in 2020. Every manpower level shows a significant decrease in 2020 compared to the previous year. However, it was recovered in 2021

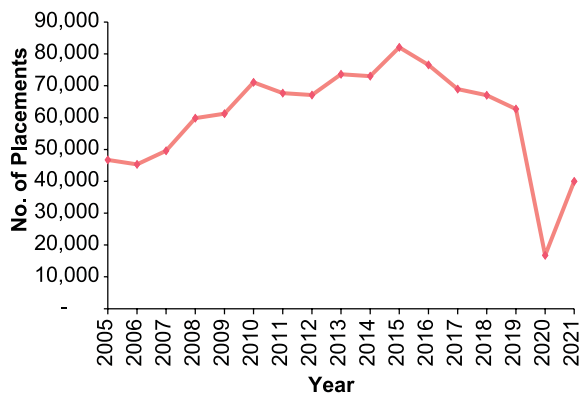
Graph 2.2.2.1: Trend in Professional Jobs



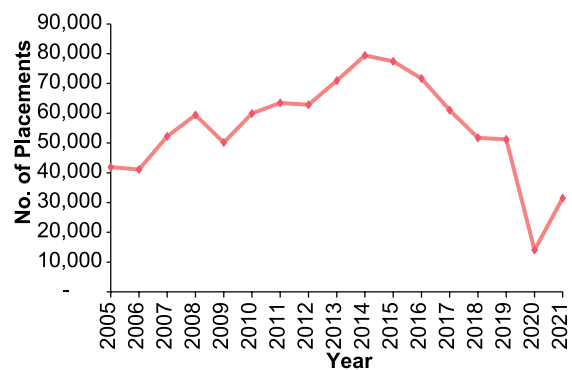
Graph 2.2.2.2: Trend in Middle level jobs



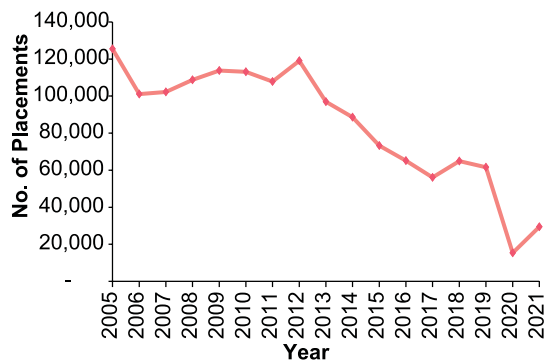
Graph 2.2.2.3: Trend in skilled jobs



Graph 2.2.2.4: Trend in Unskilled jobs



Graph 2.2.2.5: Trend in Housemaid jobs



2.2.3 : Departures for Foreign Employment

Table 2.2.3.1. Foreign Employment Placement for Selected Technicians and Associate Professionals

Job category	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st half of 2022
Technician - General	413	329	110	285	333	494	332	257	237	244	41	155	185
Technician-A/C and Ref	403	264	123	122	86	43	138	37	44	2	-	-	183
Foreman General	272	216	31	50	49	50	16	49	45	39	7	23	85
Technician-Mechanical	60	78	87	65	117	76	47	20	22	14	5	1	178
Draughtsman-General	20	3	9	13	135	12	5	10	4	6	-	3	5
Supervisor-Technical	-	-	-	-	-	445	145	21	2	2	-	-	14

Source: Sri Lanka Bureau of Foreign Employment

*Provisional

Through Registered Sources

Graph 2.2.3.1: Trends in Selected Technicians and Associate Professionals

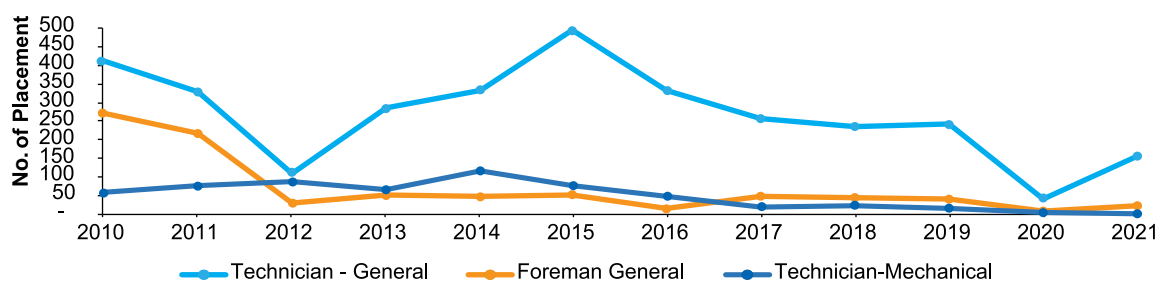


Table 2.2.3.2. Foreign Employment Placement for Selected Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers

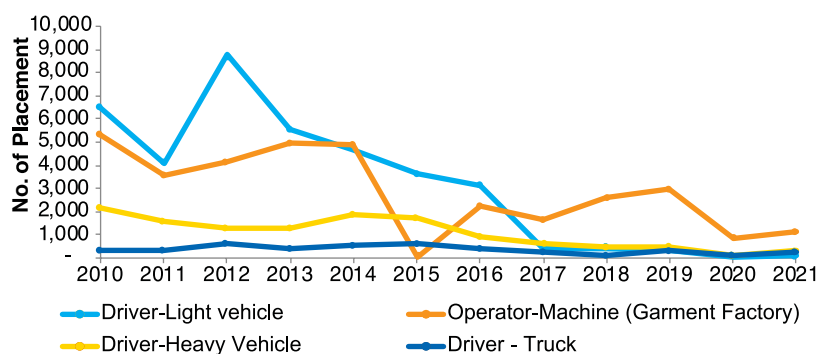
Job Category	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st half of 2022
Driver-Light Vehicle	6,516	4,064	8,798	5,582	4,678	3,650	3,143	409	404	327	36	123	739
Operator-Machine (Garment Factory)	5,342	3,563	4,158	4,963	4,871		2,236	1,665	2,610	2,997	814	1,157	1,477
Driver-Heavy Vehicle	2,185	1,565	1,297	1,284	1,886	1,708	903	639	489	482	105	340	424
Driver - Truck	363	302	609	383	557	637	366	272	119	304	74	226	52
Driver - Trailer	545	211	198	337	291	236	177	61	64	169	44	133	3
Operator - Heavy Equipment	102	57	290	95	244	21	93	57	13	17	13	61	7
Operator - Juki machine	186	31	274	229	155	54	93	18	5	40	7	337	52
Operator - Crane & Hoist	38	18	23	19	64	50	20	24	11	4	9	4	14

Source: Sri Lanka Bureau of Foreign Employment

*Provisional

Through Registered Sources

Graph 2.2.3.2: Trends in Selected Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers



According to table 2.2.3.1, foreign employment for technician was recorded 155 departures in 2021. Foreign employment for operator-machine was recorded 1,157 departures under the plant and machine operators and assemblers category in 2021 as shown in table 2.2.3.2.

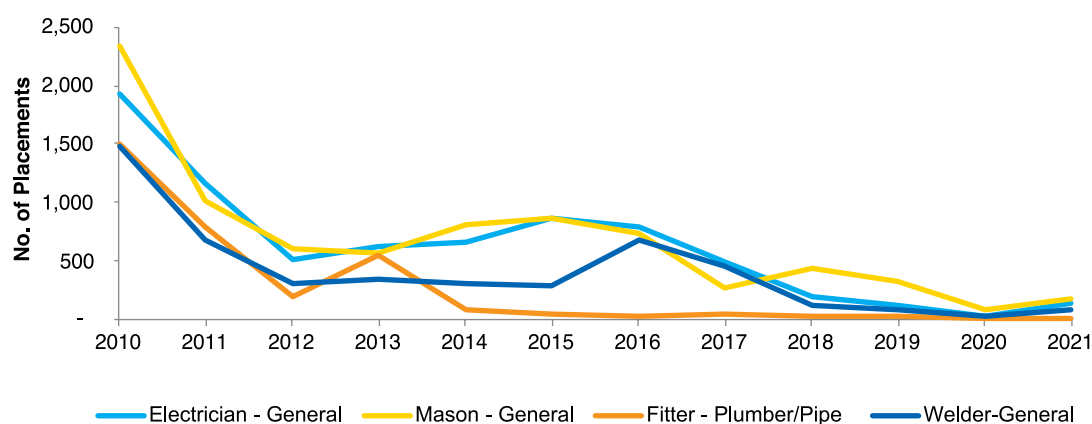
Table 2.2.3.3: Foreign Employment Placements for Selected Craft and Related Workers

Job Category	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st half of 2022
Electrician - General	1,927	1,170	522	621	654	869	790	497	196	127	32	147	473
Mason - General	2,339	1,014	602	564	816	871	727	273	430	336	89	170	223
Fitter - Plumber/Pipe	1,508	794	189	542	77	55	37	47	24	29	10	11	17
Welder-General	1,485	677	310	344	299	293	673	458	113	85	26	90	381
Fixer-Steel	535	358	259	254	503	1,116	575	244	12	11	7	4	76
Painter-General	518	335	186	296	372	152	535	305	97	151	17	153	381
Mason-Tile Fixer	684	328	73	106	78	59	17	76	14	8	2	7	3
Mechanic-General	349	225	126	272	218	98	453	55	40	72	37	24	223
Electrician-Auto	57	195	73	71	43	32	39	23	21	23	6	18	2
Tailor-Garment	172	92	25	103	48	294	499	226	141	191	-	-	-
Painter-Spray	228	52	24	27	73	22	16	2	4	4	-	1	-
Carpenter-Furniture	340	47	79	23	18	15	18	32	60	3	13	3	4
Fabricator	86	34	99	27	11	19	24	23	3	13	2	2	-
Fitter-General	100	11	77	22	44	13	459	14	52	49	-	14	18
Bar Bender	125	10	95	16	50	26		28	28	68	19	8	-
Tinker	10	10	13	9	5	8	4	1	1	2	-	1	-

Source: Sri Lanka Bureau of Foreign Employment

*Provisional

Through Registered Sources

Graph 2.2.3.3: Trends in Selected Craft and Related Workers Jobs

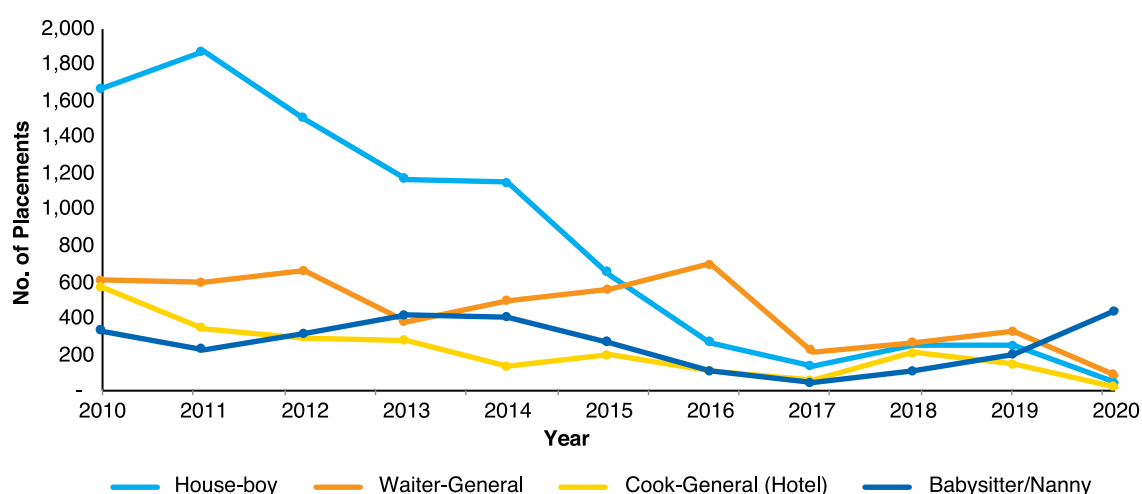
As shown in table 2.2.3.3, the highest number of foreign employment placement in the craft and related workers category was recorded for Mason (General) in 2021. It was 170 placements.

Table 2.2.3.4: Foreign Employment Placements for Selected Service Workers and Shop & Market Workers

Job Category	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st half of 2022
Housemaid - General	86,700	81,343	119,052	96,934	62,516	50,355	41,139	21,427	38,027	35,759	8,666	16,530	12,730
House-boy	1,668	1,877	1,510	1,163	1,158	641	264	136	251	247	51	175	67
Waiter-General	611	598	665	379	492	563	708	210	272	331	81	249	202
Cook-General(Hotel)	577	344	290	275	137	200	109	54	213	144	24	24	4
Gardner	113	274	647	1,508	658	1,202	1	163	134	-	-	-	5
Babysitter/Nanny	326	223	322	420	410	264	114	51	116	208	452	515	41
Steward-Hotel	-	120	35	156	1	222	1	1	115	1	22	-	27
Office boy	75	102	194	374	613	130	146	203	67	87	-	-	3
Janitor	222	93	236	1,090	533			30		17	2	81	
Chef	109	61	135	108	64	45	19	33	14	41	7	35	21
Janitress	4	61	31	17	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Baker	46	60	71	66	44	57	69	49	70	104	28	33	34
House Keeper	51	57	185	236	110	151	8	50	65	45	18	-	-
Room boy	115	57	106	54	77	62	32	29	5	18	-	1	-
Laundryman	91	37	54	64	20	13	21	7	8	2	1	20	-
Sales workers	508	29	93	31	6	18	41	7	1	2	3	5	-
Waitress	35	17	29	12	25	63	44	32	19	23	-	15	14
Ironer	27	10	8	2	82		50	13	15	5	1	-	1
Officer-Security	16	9	79	-	9	25	9	5	7	9	-	2	-

Source: Sri Lanka Bureau of Foreign Employment
*Provisional
Through Registered Sources

Graph 2.2.3.4: Trends in Selected Service Workers and Shop & Market Workers Jobs



In the service workers category, the highest number placements for foreign employment were recorded for housemaid in 2021.

2.2.4: Job Orders Received from Foreign Principals and Ranking as per Job Demand in 1st half of 2022

Table 2.2.4.1: Service Occupations

Job Category	Job orders	Rank
House Cook -Female	15,183	1
House Cook - Male	9,025	2
House Nurse-Male	2,770	3
Waiter - General	2,212	4
Salesman	1,326	5
Cook A (Non Domestic)	1,193	6
Security Guard	1,043	7
Fuel Attendent	1,000	8
Chef	863	9
Housekeeper - Non Domestic	840	10

Table 2.2.4.2: Plant and Machine Operators

Job Category	Job orders	Rank
Driver - House	16,156	1
House Driver - Lady	5,170	2
House Driver - Gulf Licensed	4,975	3
Operator - Machine (Garment Factory)	4,841	4
House Driver - S/L Licence	4,725	5
House Driver - Kuwait Licence	4,525	6
Driver - Light Vehicle	3,095	7
Driver - General	2,997	8
Driver - Heavy Vehicle	2,682	9
Operator - Machine	1,757	10

The above ranking was done on the basis of the number of job orders offered to Sri Lankan employment agencies by their foreign principals.

Table 2.2.4.3: Craft and Related Occupations

Job Category	Job orders	Rank
Electrician - General	1,708	1
Mason - General	1,607	2
Welder - General	1,487	3
Carpenter	1,466	4
Plumber	1,355	5
Tailor - General	859	6
Mechanic - Auto	790	7
Carpenter - Shuttering	690	8
Mechanic - General	660	9
Baker	633	10

Table 2.2.4.4: Technicians and Associate Professionals

Job Category	Job orders	Rank
Technical Intern Trainee	856	1
Technician - AC	725	2
Technician - General	640	3
Sales Associates	480	4
Assistant - Production	380	5
Technician -Refrigeration	310	6
Technician - Fiberglass	300	7
Supervisor - Production - Garment	242	8
Technician - Mechanical	242	9
Technician - Gypsum	220	10

Source: Sri Lanka Bureau of Foreign Employment

*Provisional

Note :-

The amount of job orders given above represent the total number of job placements offered to local employment agencies by their foreign principals. The actual number of job placements offered may be less than the figures given above since there may be instance where the foreign principals may refer the same job order to more than one local agency. The jobs offered under the occupational title of "Tailor" are sometimes for Housemaid, Houseboy or other type of domestic workers.



UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment

Section 3 :

This section describes the information related to unemployment by number, rate by year, rate by gender, composition of currently unemployed by expected employment type and gender. Also distribution of unemployed persons by level of education and different age groups is mentioned in this section. Preferred sector for currently unemployed persons is further presented by gender wise and distribution of unemployed persons with and without vocational training.

SECTION - 3.1 | UNEMPLOYMENT

3.1.1 : Unemployment Trends

Section 3.1 provides information on unemployment, unemployment rate, expected employment type of unemployed persons and unemployment by age categories in the country. The Quarterly Labour Force Survey, conducted by the Department of Census & Statistics has provided the inputs to this section.

Table 3.1.1.1: Number Unemployed & Unemployment Rate- 1st half of 2022**

Year	No. Unemployed	Unemployment Rate
2006*	493,440	6.5
2007*	447,021	6.0
2008*	394,009	5.2
2009*	432,852	5.7
2010*	374,748	4.9
2011*	307,951	4.0
2012*	293,719	3.9
2013*	344,603	4.3
2014*	380,554	4.3
2015**	383,496	4.7
2016**	362,999	4.4
2017**	358,507	4.2
2018**	372,593	4.4
2019**	411,318	4.8
2020**	467,513	5.5
2021**	439,783	5.1
1st half of 2022**	385,992	4.5

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics

* Excluding Northern and Eastern provinces

** All Island

Note: In 2005, Quarterly Labour Force Survey was not conducted by the Department of Census and Statistics due to absence of sample frame in the tsunami affected area. However, a special survey was conducted covering the entire country.

As shown in table 3.1.1.1, the unemployment rate (considering all island) decreased to 4.5 percent during the 1st half of 2022 from 5.1 percent recorded in year 2021.

Table 3.1.1.2: Unemployment Rate by Gender - 1st half of 2022**

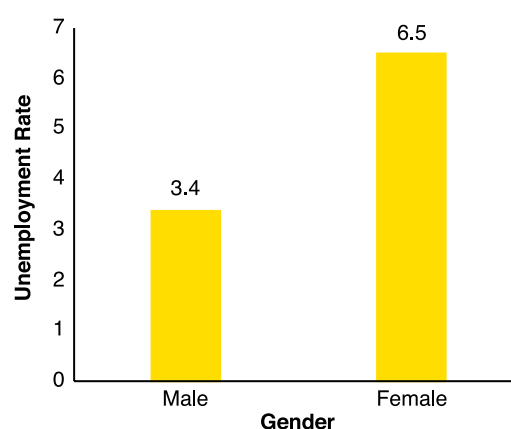
Year	Male	Female	Total
2006*	4.7	9.7	6.5
2007*	4.3	9.0	6.0
2008*	3.6	8.0	5.2
2009*	4.3	8.2	5.7
2010*	3.5	7.5	4.9
2011*	2.7	6.3	4.0
2012*	2.8	5.8	3.9
2013*	3.2	6.2	4.3
2014*	3.1	6.5	4.3
2015**	3.0	7.6	4.7
2016**	2.9	7.0	4.4
2017**	2.9	6.5	4.2
2018**	3.0	7.1	4.4
2019**	3.3	7.4	4.8
2020**	4.0	8.5	5.5
2021**	3.7	7.9	5.1
1st half of 2022**	3.4	6.5	4.5

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics

* Excluding Northern and Eastern provinces

** All Island

Graph 3.1.1.2: Percentage Distribution of Unemployed Population by Gender - 1st half of 2022**



As shown in table 3.1.1.2, the unemployment rate among females was relatively higher than that of males. Moreover, both male & female unemployment rates were decreased in the 1st half of 2022 compared to the previous year (year 2021).

Table 3.1.1.3 : Percentage Distribution of Currently Unemployed Persons According to Expected Employment Type by Gender - 1st half of 2022**

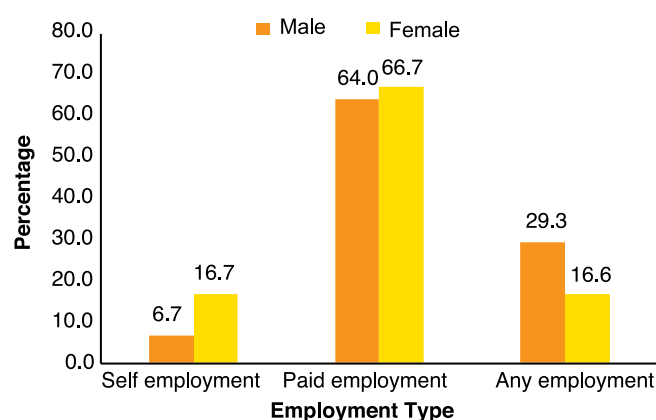
Employment type	Male		Female		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Self employment	12,693	6.7	32,896	16.7	45,589	11.8%
Paid employment	121,083	64.0	131,157	66.7	252,240	65.3%
Any employment	55,487	29.3	32,676	16.6	88,164	22.8%
Total	189,264	100.0	196,729	100.0	385,992	100%

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics

** All Island

These figures are to be treated with caution as the corresponding CV (Coefficient of variation) values are high

Graph 3.1.1.3: Percentage Distribution of Currently Unemployed Persons by Expected Employment Type & Gender - 1st half of 2022**



According to the table 3.1.1.3, about 65.3 percent of total unemployed persons expected paid employment in the 1st half of 2022. The graph 3.1.1.3 also shows that majority of unemployed males and females expected paid employment in the 1st half of 2022.

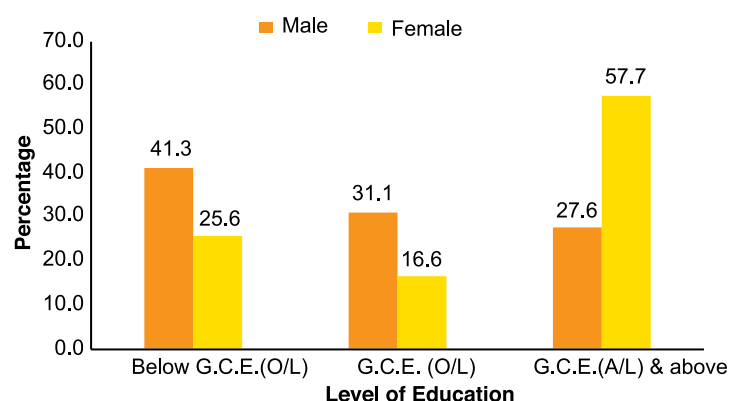
Table 3.1.1.4: Percentage Distribution of Unemployed Persons by Level of Education and Gender - 1st half of 2022**

Gender	Below G.C.E.(O/L)	G.C.E. (O/L)	G.C.E.(A/L) & above	Total
Male	41.3	31.1	27.6	100
Female	25.6	16.6	57.7	100
Total	33.3	23.7	43.0	100

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics

** All Island

Graph 3.1.1.4: Percentage Distribution of Unemployed Persons by Level of Education and Gender - 1st half of 2022**



As per table 3.1.1.4, majority of unemployment of 43 percent was among those with qualification of GCE (A/L) & above group in the 1st half of 2022. It was 27.6 percent and 57.7 percent for males and females respectively. This reveals that the problem of unemployment was more acute among educated females than males.

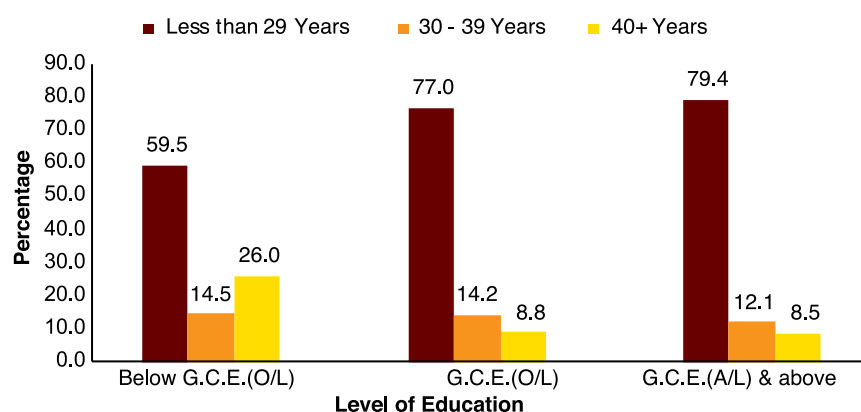
Table 3.1.1.5: Percentage Distribution of Unemployed Persons According to Level of Education by Age Group - 1st half of 2022**

Level of Education	Age Group			Total
	Less than 29 Years	30 - 39 Years	40+ Years	
Below G.C.E.(O/L)	59.5	14.5	26.0	100
G.C.E.(O/L)	77.0	14.2	8.8	100
G.C.E.(A/L) & above	79.4	12.1	8.5	100
Total	72.2	13.4	14.4	100

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics

**All Island

These figures are to be treated with caution as the corresponding CV (Coefficient of variation) values are high

Graph 3.1.1.5: Percentage Distribution of Unemployed Persons according to level of Education by Age Group - 1st half of 2022****Table 3.1.1.6 : Percentage Distribution of Currently Unemployed Persons who are willing to get paid Employment by Gender & Employment sector of 2022****

Employment Sector	Gender		Total
	Male	Female	
Public Sector	17.7	38.0	28.2
Semi-Government Sector	*	*	*
Private Sector	25.5	13.2	19.1
Any Sector	55.9	48.1	51.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

* Cell count is not enough to give reliable estimates

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics

** All Island

According to the table 3.1.1.5, the unemployment rate was more acute among the age group of less than 29 years in the 1st half of 2022.

Section 3.2: | Unemployment and Vocational Training

3.2.1: Unemployment with/without Vocational Training

This section contains information of unemployed persons with and without vocational training in the country. According to table 3.2.1.1, about 27.5 percent of the total unemployed persons have followed vocational training. In other words, it indicates that 72.5 percent of unemployed persons were without any vocational training in the 1st half of 2022.

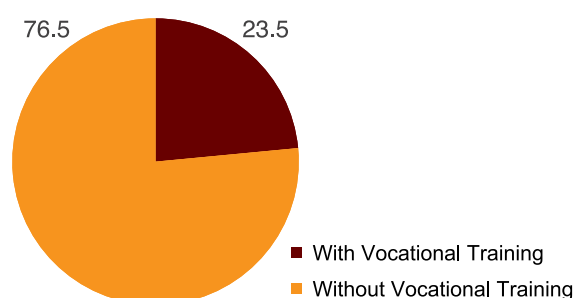
Table 3.2.1.1 : Vocational Training and Unemployment - 1st half of 2022**

Unemployed Persons	Male		Female		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
With Vocational Training	44,457	23.5	61,758	31.4	106,215	27.5
Without Vocational Training	144,807	76.5	134,970	68.6	279,777	72.5
Total	189,264	100.0	196,729	100.0	385,992	100.0

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics

**All Island

Graph 3.2.1.1 : Male Unemployment by Vocational Training - 1st half of 2022**



Graph 3.2.1.1: Female Unemployment by Vocational Training - 1st half of 2022**

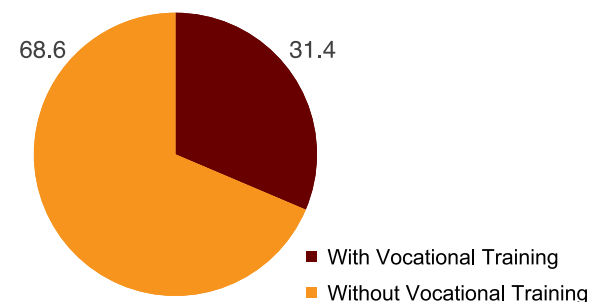


Table 3.2.1.2 : Unemployed Persons without Vocational Training by Level of Education - 1st half of 2022**

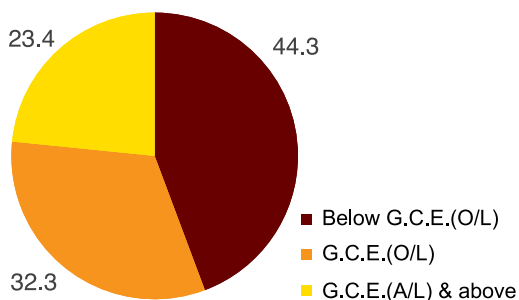
Level of Education	Male		Female		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Below G.C.E.(O/L)	64,141	44.3	45,635	33.8	109,777	39.2
G.C.E.(O/L)	46,839	32.3	20,721	15.4	67,560	24.1
G.C.E.(A/L) & above	33,827	23.4	68,614	50.8	102,441	36.6
Total	144,807	100.0	134,970	100.0	279,777	100.0

Source : Quarterly Labour Force Survey, Department of Census & Statistics

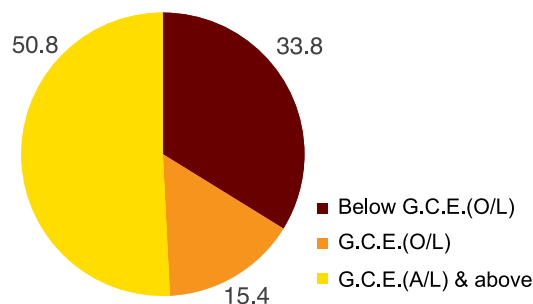
Provisional

**All Island

Graph 3.2.1.2 : Educational Status of Unemployed Males without any Training - 1st half of 2022**



Graph 3.2.1.2 A: Educational Status of Unemployed Females without any Training - 1st half of 2022**





Supply of labour

Section 4 :

This section provides information on supply of Trained persons from public and private sector training organizations by sector, gender, province and some institutional enrolments and completions in public sector training organizations. This section also includes output of the University graduates by course and gender as well as National Vocational Qualification (NVQ) holders' information by occupation and training mode.

SECTION - 4.1 | TECHNICAL, VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING (TVET)

4.1.1. Training Performance

Table 4.1.1.1: Training Performance of TVEC Registered Public Sector Training Institutes by industry sector in the 1st Half of 2022

Field of Study	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Education	5,677	10,483	16,160	1,289	3,233	4,522
Information and communication	5,414	8,563	13,977	2,102	4,266	6,368
Construction	9,757	2,919	12,676	3,095	645	3,740
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	10,701	379	11,080	4,594	73	4,667
Manufacturing	4,998	4,124	9,122	1,935	2,152	4,087
Professional, scientific and technical activities	2,591	4,632	7,223	1,256	1,865	3,121
Other service activities	3,407	2,853	6,260	1,026	2,082	3,108
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1,411	2,157	3,568	711	1,156	1,867
Accommodation and food service activities	2,236	886	3,122	1,296	609	1,905
Administrative and support service activities	144	1,000	1,144	60	219	279
Human health and social work activities	155	849	1,004	35	368	403
Transportation and storage	246	170	416	34	4	38
Arts, entertainment and recreation	40	61	101	3	-	3
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	90	6	96	2	-	2
Activities of households as employers	4	20	24	-	5	5
Total	46,871	39,102	85,973	17,438	16,677	34,115

Source: the above numbers are based on training performance of TVEC registered public & institutions in different industry sectors
Note: Completions include in intake of previous years for courses of different duration.
Both full time and part time courses are included.

Table 4.1.1.2: Training Performance of TVEC Registered Private Sector Training Institutes by Industry Sector (Based on ISIC- Rev .04) in 2021

Field of Study	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Information and communication	2,108	3,170	5,278	1,360	1,846	3,206
Education	1,585	1,888	3,473	1,017	1,106	2,123
Professional, scientific and technical activities	1,696	1,636	3,332	1,150	1,112	2,262
Other service activities	458	2,002	2,460	234	1,180	1,414
Construction	1,387	161	1,548	1,114	134	1,248
Manufacturing	695	790	1,485	413	603	1,016
Human health and social work activities	283	1,097	1,380	229	824	1,053
Accommodation and food service activities	513	344	857	384	243	627
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	477	36	513	275	2	277
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	253	67	320	199	68	267
Transportation and storage	162	54	216	143	41	184
Administrative and support service activities	145	37	182	144	27	171
Arts, entertainment and recreation	15	25	40	7	13	20
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	5	5	10	3	3	6
Total	9,782	11,312	21,094	6,672	7,202	13,874

Source: the above numbers are based on training performance of TVEC registered private institutions in different industry sectors.
Note: Both full – time and part time courses are included.

4.1.2 : Training Performance in Selected Public Sector Training Institutions

During the 1st half of year 2022, 85,973 youth were recruited for Technical & Vocational Education and Training by selected public sector training organizations. Majority (54.5%) of recruitments were males. Department of Technical Education & Training recorded the highest number of recruitments. That was 19,344.

Table 4.1.2.1: Recruitments and Completions in Selected Public Sector Training Organizations in the 1st half of 2022

Name of the Training Provider	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Department of Technical Education & Training (DTET)	12,096	7,248	19,344	2,325	1,658	3,983
Vocational Training Authority (VTA)	10,837	6,671	17,508	4,121	3,326	7,447
National Apprentice & Industrial Training Authority (NAITA)	5,664	6,009	11,673	3,355	2,808	6,163
Sri Lanka Institute of Advanced Technological Education (SLIATE)	2,817	6,403	9,220	1,908	3,830	5,738
National Youth Services Council (NYSC)	2,765	4,898	7,663	1,861	4,131	5,992
National Youth Corps (NYC)	3,657	3,175	6,832	388	364	752
National Institute of Business Management (NIBM)	2,324	2,849	5,173	151	213	364
Ceylon German Technical Training Institute (CGTTI)	4,171	36	4,207	2,559	19	2,578
Ocean University of Sri Lanka (OUSL)	967	416	1,383	332	49	381
University of Vocational Technology (UNIVOTEC)	609	566	1,175	217	145	362
University Collages (UC)	492	441	933	133	65	198
Sri Lanka Institute of Textile & Apparel (SLITA)	219	173	392	55	27	82
Sri Lanka Institute of Printing (SLIOP)	209	147	356	33	42	75
Sri Lanka National Design Institute Katubadde (SLNDI)	44	70	114	-	-	-
Total	46,871	39,102	85,973	17,438	16,677	34,115

Note: Completions include the intake of previous years for courses of different duration.

*on the job training and in-plant training of NAITA are not included.

Both full time and part time courses are included.

Sources : National Apprentice & Industrial Training Authority (NAITA), Vocational Training Authority (VTA), Department of Technical Education & Training (DTET), National Youth Services Council (NYSC), National Youth Corps (NYC), National Institute of Business Management (NIBM), University Collages (UC), Sri Lanka Institute of Textile & Apparel (SLITA), Ceylon German Technical Training Institute (CGTTI), Sri Lanka National Design Center (SLNDI), Ocean University (OUSL), University of Vocational Training (UNIVOTEC) Sri Lanka Institute of Printing (SLIOP), Sri Lanka Institute of Advanced Technological Education (SLIATE).

Graph 4.1.2.1: Recruitments and Completions in Selected Public Sector Training Organizations in the 1st half of 2022

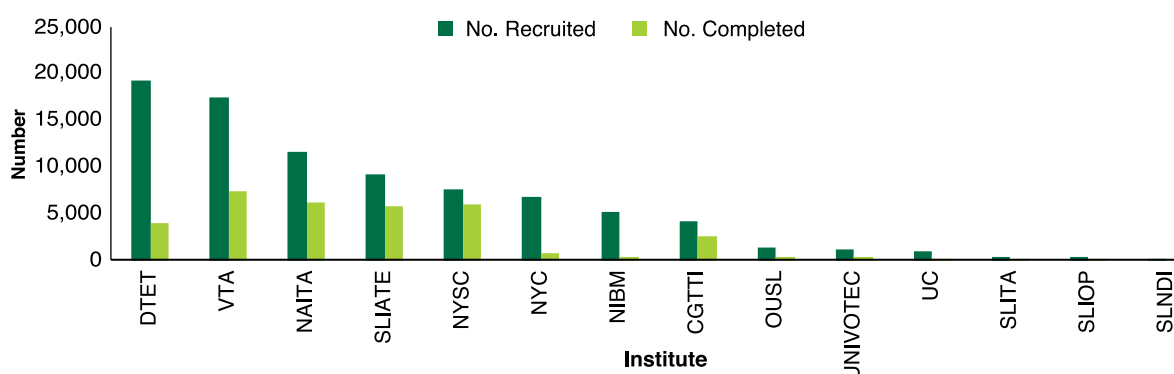


Table 4.1.2.2: Training Performance in Selected Public Sector Training Organizations in 1st half of 2022

Province	District	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Western	Colombo	15,711	11,769	27,480	7,294	5,410	12,704
	Gampaha	2,181	1,170	3,351	630	536	1,166
	Kalutara	1,327	1,254	2,581	436	613	1,049
	Total	19,219	14,193	33,412	8,360	6,559	14,919
Central	Kandy	2,379	2,604	4,983	599	839	1,438
	Matale	1,169	845	2,014	303	223	526
	Nuwara Eliya	727	927	1,654	261	487	748
	Total	4,275	4,376	8,651	1,163	1,549	2,712
Southern	Galle	2,904	2,496	5,400	886	906	1,792
	Matara	1,732	1,661	3,393	519	538	1,057
	Hambantota	1,433	1,288	2,721	534	604	1,138
	Total	6,069	5,445	11,514	1,939	2,048	3,987
Northern	Jaffna	1,088	828	1,916	315	329	644
	Mannar	293	180	473	137	127	264
	Vavuniya	579	543	1,122	239	272	511
	Mulativu	134	298	432	49	195	244
	Kilinochchi	305	246	551	98	128	226
	Total	2,399	2,095	4,494	838	1,051	1,889
Eastern	Batticaloa	1,327	948	2,275	443	450	893
	Ampara	2,335	1,602	3,937	914	788	1,702
	Trincomalee	907	796	1,703	421	365	786
	Total	4,569	3,346	7,915	1,778	1,603	3,381
North Western	Kurunegala	2,400	2,344	4,744	776	899	1,675
	Puttalam	714	671	1,385	402	460	862
	Total	3,114	3,015	6,129	1,178	1,359	2,537
North Central	Anuradhapura	1,609	1,314	2,923	442	589	1,031
	Polonnaruwa	451	716	1,167	305	210	515
	Total	2,060	2,030	4,090	747	799	1,546
Uva	Badulla	1,536	1,263	2,799	450	456	906
	Monaragala	737	910	1,647	174	379	553
	Total	2,273	2,173	4,446	624	835	1,459
Sabaragamuwa	Rathnapura	1,377	1,174	2,551	448	469	917
	Kegalle	1,516	1,255	2,771	363	405	768
	Total	2,893	2,429	5,322	811	874	1,685
Grand Total		46,871	39,102	85,973	17,438	16,677	34,115

*Except in plant training and on the job training in NAITA
Both full time and part time courses are included.

Graph 4.1.2.2: Training Performance in Selected Public Sector Training Organizations by District in the 1st half of 2022



The above table and corresponding graph depict recruitments and completions in selected public sector training organizations by province and district. It shows that Colombo district remains the geographical area where the highest number of youth was recruited. Also Mulativu remains as the geographical area where the lowest number of youth was recruited for training by public sector training organizations in the 1st half of 2022.

SECTION - 4.2 | DETAILED OUTPUT OF SELECTED PUBLIC SECTOR TVET INSTITUTIONS

4.2.1 : Department of Technical Education and Training (DTET)

In the Department of Technical Education and Training, the highest number of recruitments (1,108) was recorded for National Certificate For Construction Site Supervisors in the 1st half of 2022. Of these recruitments 332 (29.9%) were females.

Table 4.2.1.1: Top 10 Recruitment in Department of Technical Education & Training in the 1st half of 2022

Name of the Course	Male	Female	Total	Rank
National Certificate For Construction Site Supervisors	776	332	1,108	1
National Certificate in Engineering Draughtsmanship	622	475	1,097	2
National Certificate For Accounting Technicians	229	805	1,034	3
National Certificate in Professional English	140	847	987	4
National Certificate in Engineering Craft Practice (Motor Vehicle Mechanic)	930	11	941	5
Field Assistant (Agriculture)	213	527	740	6
National Certificate in Technology (Civil Engineering)	439	170	609	7
Automobile Technician	498	2	500	8
National Certificate in Engineering Craft Practice (Industrial Electrician)	491	5	496	9
Diploma in Information And Communication Technology	207	276	483	10

Graph 4.2.1.1: Top 10 Recruitment in Department of Technical Education & Training in the 1st half of 2022

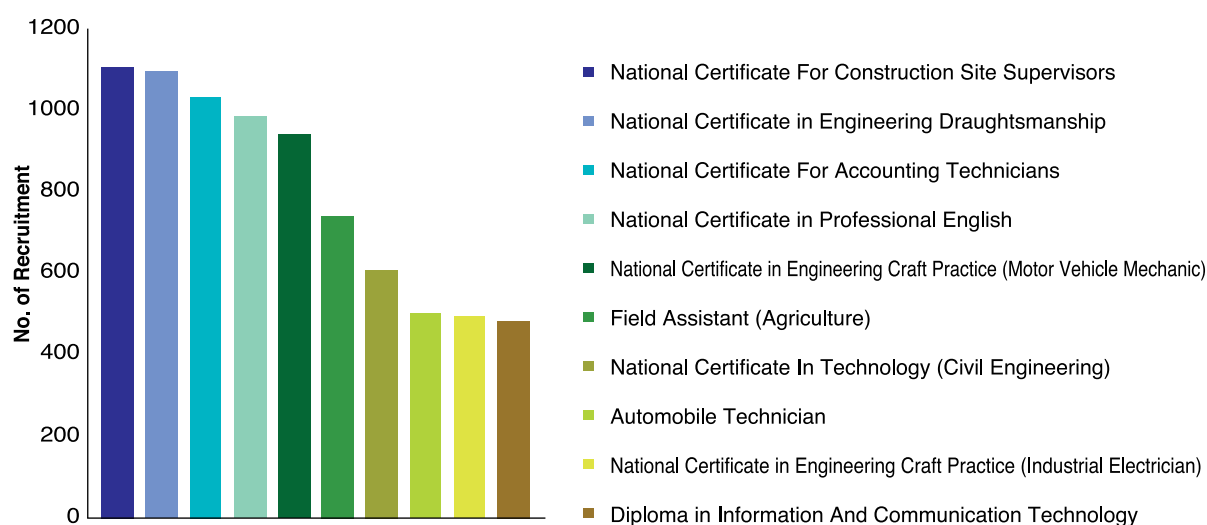
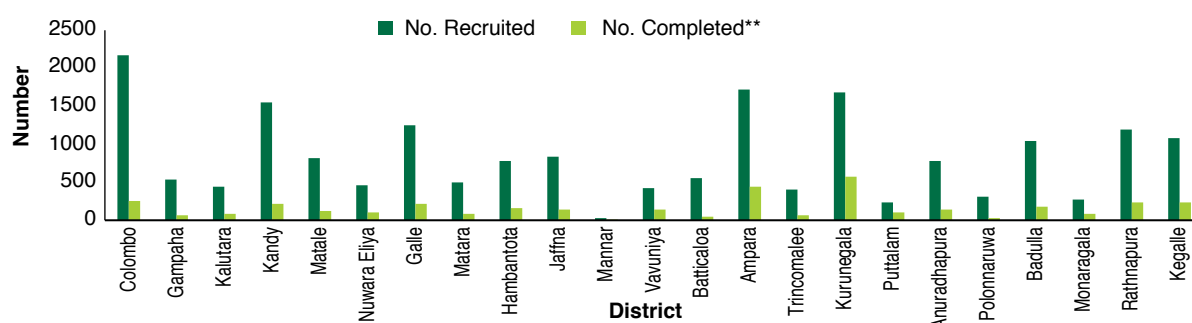


Table 4.2.1.2: Training Performance in DTET by Province and District in the 1st half of 2022

Province	District	No. Recruited			No. Completed**		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Western	Colombo	1,549	635	2,184	174	97	271
	Gampaha	399	152	551	56	28	84
	Kalutara	314	146	460	56	37	93
	Total	2,262	933	3,195	286	162	448
Central	Kandy	913	653	1,566	126	98	224
	Matale	403	422	825	62	70	132
	Nuwara Eliya	266	208	474	57	54	111
	Total	1,582	1,283	2,865	245	222	467
Southern	Galle	797	467	1,264	148	84	232
	Matara	365	147	512	71	29	100
	Hambantota	459	328	787	76	86	162
	Total	1,621	942	2,563	295	199	494
Northern	Jaffna	525	318	843	76	82	158
	Mannar	23	16	39	12	-	12
	Vavuniya	278	161	439	113	44	157
	Total	826	495	1,321	201	126	327
Eastern	Batticaloa	330	234	564	57	6	63
	Ampara	1,144	585	1,729	262	191	453
	Trincomalee	254	168	422	33	38	71
	Total	1,728	987	2,715	352	235	587
North Western	Kurunegala	1,030	657	1,687	353	233	586
	Puttalam	163	75	238	74	36	110
	Total	1,193	732	1,925	427	269	696
North Central	Anuradhapura	529	265	794	84	69	153
	Polonnaruwa	173	153	326	14	20	34
	Total	702	418	1,120	98	89	187
Uva	Badulla	681	368	1,049	130	56	186
	Monaragala	127	160	287	14	77	91
	Total	808	528	1,336	144	133	277
Sabaragamuwa	Rathnapura	752	457	1,209	137	116	253
	Kegalle	622	473	1,095	140	107	247
	Total	1,374	930	2,304	277	223	500
Grand Total		12,096	7,248	19,344	2,325	1,658	3,983

In the 1st half of year 2022, Colombo district recorded the highest number of recruitment in DTET. In contrast, the lowest recruitment was recorded for Mannar district.

- DTET were not completed students during the 1st half of 2022

Graph 4.2.1.2: Training Performance in DTET by District in the 1st half of 2022

4.2.2: University Colleges

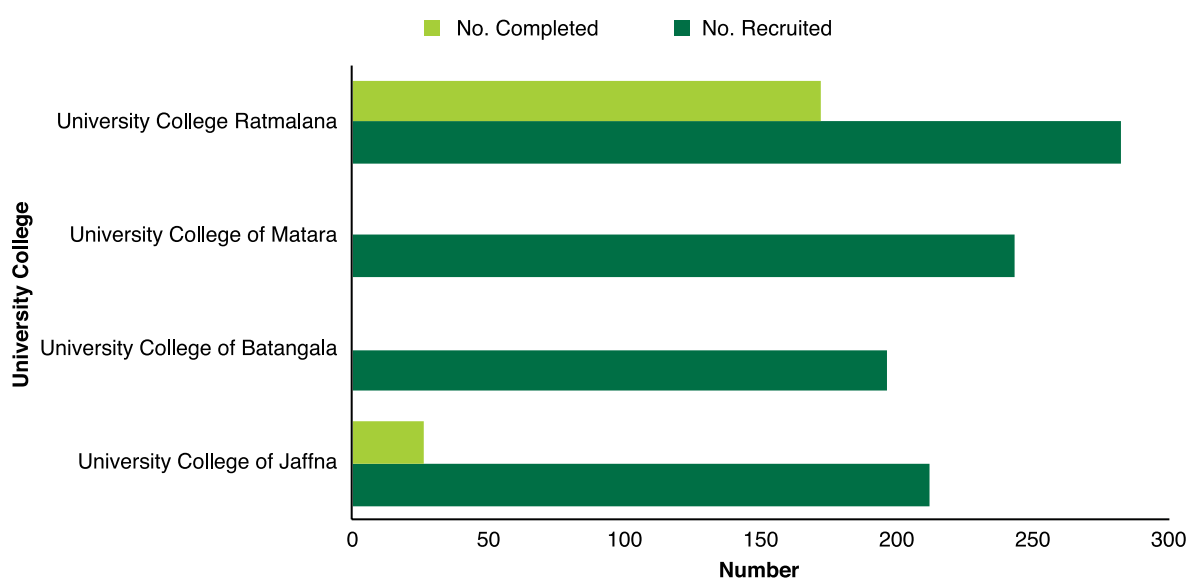
As shown in table 4.2.2.1. and graph 4.2.2.1, 933 students were recruited in public university colleges in the 1st half of 2022.

Table 4.2.2.1: Training Performance in Public Sector University Colleges in 1st half of 2022

Name of the University College	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
University College of Jaffna	134	78	212	15	11	26
University College of Batangala	92	104	196	0	0	0
University College of Matara	128	115	243	0	0	0
University College Ratmalana	138	144	282	118	54	172
Total	492	441	933	133	65	198

Note: University College Anuradhapura & University College Kuliyaipitiya were not received data.

Graph 4.2.2.1: Training Performance in Public Sector University Colleges in the 1st half of 2022



4.2.3 : National Apprentice and Industrial Training Authority (NAITA)

The highest number of recruitments was recorded for the Enterprise Based NVQ training. It was 6,545. Considering Center Based Apprenticeship Training of National Apprentice and Industrial Training Authority, the highest number of recruitments was recorded in Kurunegala district during the 1st half of the year 2022. It was 165.

Table 4.2.3.1A: Training Performance in NAITA by Training Type in the 1st half of 2022

Type of Training	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
District Centre Based	466	1,286	1,752	408	935	1,343
National Institutes	899	147	1,046	672	59	731
Enterprise Based Craft Level	680	788	1,468	348	420	768
Enterprise Based NVQ	3,283	3,262	6,545	1,319	925	2,244
Enterprise Based Special	58	-	58	374	2	376
Enterprise Based Situational Level	239	251	490	205	309	514
Enterprise Based Village Level	39	275	314	29	158	187
Total	5,664	6,009	11,673	3,355	2,808	6,163

Note:- Completion include the intake of previous years for courses of different duration.

*Excluding on the job training and In-Plant training

Graph 4.2.3.1A: Training Performance in NAITA by Training Type in the 1st half of 2022



Table 4.2.3.1B: Recruitments and Completions in On the Job Training and In-plant Training by Gender in NAITA in the 1st half of 2022

Type of Training	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
In plant Training	4,307	3,291	7,598	1,756	1,257	3,013
On the Job Training	4,575	4,885	9,460	-	-	-
Total	8,882	8,176	17,058	1,756	1,257	3,013

Note: completion include the intake of previous years for courses of different duration.

Graph 4.2.3.1B: Recruitment and completion in On the Job Training and In-plant Training by Gender in NAITA in the 1st half of 2022



Table 4.2.3.2: Recruitment and Completion in District Center Based Training in NAITA by Province and District in the 1st half of 2022

Province	District	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Western	Colombo	-	-	-	38	26	64
	Gampaha	5	16	21	6	9	15
	Kalutara	32	27	59	21	24	45
	Total	37	43	80	65	59	124
Central	Kandy	66	52	118	21	8	29
	Matale	5	22	27	-	-	-
	Nuwara Eliya	12	98	110	3	89	92
	Total	83	172	255	24	97	121
Southern	Galle	23	70	93	16	45	61
	Matara	9	67	76	3	49	52
	Hambantota	56	74	130	30	53	83
	Total	88	211	299	49	147	196
Northern	Jaffna	12	41	53	20	39	59
	Mannar	-	23	23	-	-	-
	Vavuniya	8	33	41	4	17	21
	Kilinochchi	64	69	133	5	57	62
	Total	84	166	250	29	113	142
Eastern	Batticaloa	15	36	51	49	32	81
	Ampara	-	18	18	-	-	-
	Trincomalee	26	49	75	24	47	71
	Total	41	103	144	73	79	152
North Western	Kurunegala	53	112	165	23	83	106
	Puttalam	14	62	76	13	46	59
	Total	67	174	241	36	129	165
North Central	Anuradhapura	8	61	69	14	48	62
	Polonnaruwa	3	28	31	74	24	98
	Total	11	89	100	88	72	160
Uva	Badulla	21	104	125	15	38	53
	Monaragala	14	62	76	1	19	20
	Total	35	166	201	16	57	73
Sabaragamuwa	Rathnapura	9	84	93	8	68	76
	Kegalle	11	78	89	20	114	134
	Total	20	162	182	28	182	210
Grand Total		466	1,286	1,752	408	935	1,343

Graph 4.2.3.2: Recruitment and Completion in District Center Based Training in NAITA by District in the 1st half of 2022



Table 4.2.3.3: Recruitment and Completion in Enterprise Based Craft Level Training in NAITA by Province and District in the 1st half of 2022

Province	District	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Western	Colombo	146	3	149	81	65	146
	Gampaha	32	12	44	33	5	38
	Kalutara	39	9	48	7	16	23
	Total	217	24	241	121	86	207
Central	Kandy	-	4	4	1	1	2
	Matale	3	-	3	3	3	6
	Nuwara Eliya	1	19	20	1	4	5
	Total	4	23	27	5	8	13
Southern	Galle	14	51	65	12	49	61
	Matara	37	68	105	16	60	76
	Hambantota	1	10	11	-	1	1
	Total	52	129	181	28	110	138
Northern	Jaffna	49	75	124	35	31	66
	Mannar	76	11	87	19	27	46
	Vavuniya	21	45	66	18	16	34
	Mulativu	12	81	93	-	24	24
	Kilinochchi	3	-	3	8	-	8
	Total	161	212	373	80	98	178
Eastern	Batticaloa	132	81	213	40	45	85
	Ampara	46	77	123	58	24	82
	Trincomalee	40	126	166	8	7	15
	Total	218	284	502	106	76	182
North Western	Kurunegala	2	24	26	-	18	18
	Puttalam	4	3	7	-	-	-
	Total	6	27	33	-	18	18
North Central	Anuradhapura	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Polonnaruwa	15	15	30	4	2	6
	Total	15	15	30	4	2	6
Uva	Badulla	-	1	1	-	-	-
	Monaragala	4	2	6	-	4	4
	Total	4	3	7	-	4	4
Sabaragamuwa	Rathnapura	1	30	31	1	-	1
	Kegalle	2	41	43	3	18	21
	Total	3	71	74	4	18	22
Grand Total		680	788	1468	348	420	768

Table 4.2.3.3: Recruitment and Completion in Enterprise Based Craft Level Training in NAITA by Province and District in the 1st half of 2022



Table 4.2.3.4: Recruitment and Completion in Enterprise Based NVQ Training in NAITA by Province and District in the 1st half of 2022

Province	District	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Western	Colombo	318	204	522	120	60	180
	Gampaha	284	201	485	36	22	58
	Kalutara	103	119	222	9	3	12
	Total	705	524	1,229	165	85	250
Central	Kandy	171	210	381	30	43	73
	Matale	92	85	177	16	20	36
	Nuwara Eliya	73	68	141	16	13	29
	Total	336	363	699	62	76	138
Southern	Galle	161	200	361	53	91	144
	Matara	224	275	499	62	66	128
	Hambantota	107	195	302	38	45	83
	Total	492	670	1,162	153	202	355
Northern	Jaffna	85	79	164	33	47	80
	Mannar	98	47	145	45	31	76
	Vavuniya	90	61	151	47	42	89
	Mulativu	39	39	78	18	12	30
	Kilinochchi	108	89	197	40	21	61
	Total	420	315	735	183	153	336
Eastern	Batticaloa	217	43	260	79	37	116
	Ampara	164	81	245	103	4	107
	Trincomalee	198	141	339	210	104	314
	Total	579	265	844	392	145	537
North Western	Kurunegala	102	123	225	40	17	57
	Puttalam	102	84	186	38	27	65
	Total	204	207	411	78	44	122
North Central	Anuradhapura	74	77	151	62	28	90
	Polonnaruwa	82	378	460	95	78	173
	Total	156	455	611	157	106	263
Uva	Badulla	88	116	204	24	20	44
	Monaragala	60	82	142	11	15	26
	Total	148	198	346	35	35	70
Sabaragamuwa	Rathnapura	134	136	270	55	52	107
	Kegalle	109	129	238	39	27	66
	Total	243	265	508	94	79	173
Grand Total		3,283	3,262	6,545	1,319	925	2,244

Graph 4.2.3.4: Recruitment and Completion in Enterprise Based NVQ Training in NAITA by District in the 1st half of 2022

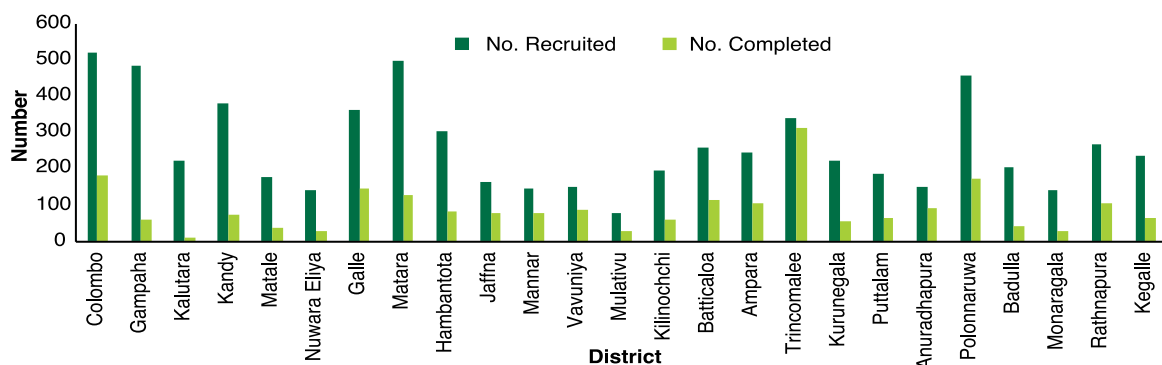
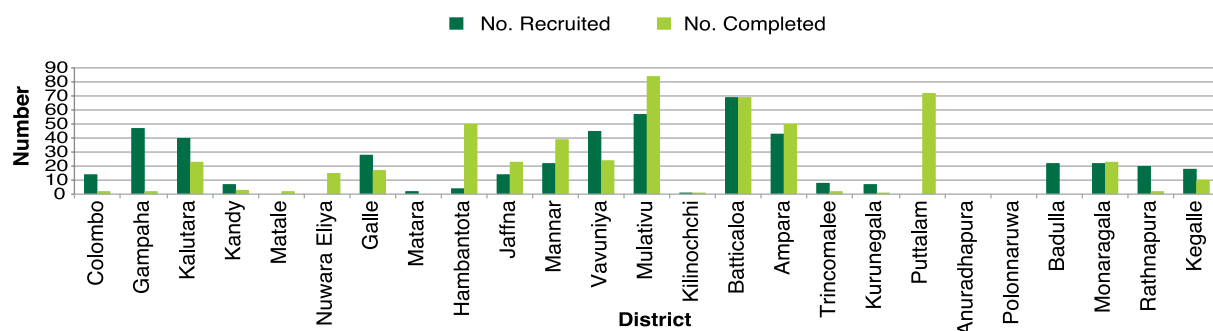


Table 4.2.3.5: Recruitment and Completion in Enterprise Based Situational Level Training in NAITA by Province and District in the 1st half of 2022

Province	District	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Western	Colombo	3	11	14	2	-	2
	Gampaha	36	11	47	1	1	2
	Kalutara	30	10	40	16	7	23
	Total	69	32	101	19	8	27
Central	Kandy	-	7	7	1	2	3
	Matale	-	-	-	-	2	2
	Nuwara Eliya	-	-	-	3	12	15
	Total	-	7	7	4	16	20
Southern	Galle	8	20	28	6	11	17
	Matara	2	-	2	-	-	-
	Hambantota	1	3	4	26	24	50
	Total	11	23	34	32	35	67
Northern	Jaffna	3	11	14	1	22	23
	Mannar	-	22	22	18	21	39
	Vavuniya	30	15	45	11	13	24
	Mulativu	-	57	57	2	82	84
	Kilinochchi	1	-	1	1	-	1
	Total	34	105	139	33	138	171
Eastern	Batticaloa	53	16	69	48	21	69
	Ampara	29	14	43	36	14	50
	Trincomalee	7	1	8	2	-	2
	Total	89	31	120	86	35	121
North Western	Kurunegala	-	7	7	-	1	1
	Puttalam	-	-	-	17	55	72
	Total	-	7	7	17	56	73
North Central	Anuradhapura	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Polonnaruwa	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uva	Badulla	1	21	22	-	-	-
	Monaragala	7	15	22	3	20	23
	Total	8	36	44	3	20	23
Sabaragamuwa	Rathnapura	11	9	20	2	-	2
	Kegalle	17	1	18	9	1	10
	Total	28	10	38	11	1	12
Grand Total		239	251	490	205	309	514

Graph 4.2.3.5: Recruitment and Completion in Enterprise Based Situational Level Training in NAITA by District in the 1st half of 2022



4.2.4: Vocational Training Authority of Sri Lanka (VTA)

In the 1st half of year 2022, the highest number of recruitments was recorded in Colombo district (2,922) and the lowest number of recruitments was recorded in Mannar District (51). Galle district also recorded 2,151 of recruitments. 49.5 percent of the total recruitments represented from together Western and Southern provinces.

Table 4.2.4.1: Recruitment and Completion in Vocational Training Authority by Province and District in the 1st half of 2022

Province	District	No. Recruited			No. Completed		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Western	Colombo	1,922	1,000	2,922	369	265	634
	Gampaha	706	210	916	296	162	458
	Kalutara	501	310	811	183	137	320
	Total	3,129	1,520	4,649	848	564	1,412
Central	Kandy	379	293	672	123	77	200
	Matale	219	114	333	96	64	160
	Nuwara Eliya	272	265	537	151	153	304
	Total	870	672	1,542	370	294	664
Southern	Galle	1,178	973	2,151	376	340	716
	Matara	547	386	933	239	177	416
	Hambantota	559	379	938	291	261	552
	Total	2,284	1,738	4,022	906	778	1,684
Northern	Jaffna	240	124	364	125	76	201
	Mannar	24	27	51	22	24	46
	Vavuniya	103	148	251	36	99	135
	Mulativu	51	98	149	25	71	96
	Kilinochchi	120	76	196	35	38	73
	Total	538	473	1,011	243	308	551
Eastern	Batticaloa	310	200	510	92	118	210
	Ampara	609	265	874	256	164	420
	Trincomalee	192	29	221	85	25	110
	Total	1,111	494	1,605	433	307	740
North Western	Kurunegala	440	239	679	193	130	323
	Puttalam	306	156	462	124	128	252
	Total	746	395	1,141	317	258	575
North Central	Anuradhapura	452	245	697	160	113	273
	Polonnaruwa	178	142	320	118	86	204
	Total	630	387	1,017	278	199	477
Uva	Badulla	551	373	924	266	263	529
	Monaragala	240	241	481	118	175	293
	Total	791	614	1,405	384	438	822
Sabaragamuwa	Rathnapura	334	144	478	204	89	293
	Kegalle	404	234	638	138	91	229
	Total	738	378	1,116	342	180	522
Grand Total		10,837	6,671	17,508	4,121	3,326	7,447

Table 4.2.4.1: Recruitment and Completion in Vocational Training Authority by Province and District in the 1st half of 2022

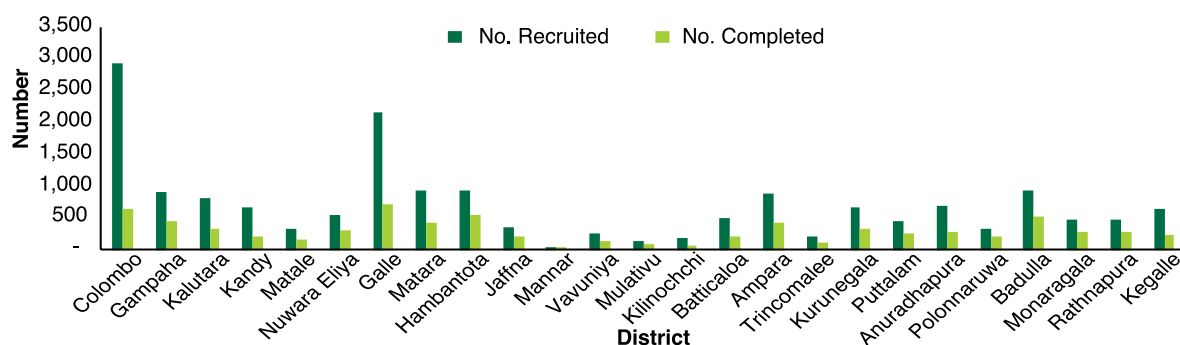


Table 4.2.4.2: Top 20 Recruitment in Vocational Training Authority by Gender in the 1st half of 2022

Course Name	Male	Female	Total	Rank
National Certificate - Electrician	1,451	22	1,473	1
National Certificate - Beautician	110	1,009	1,119	2
National Certificate - Three Wheeler Mechanic	679	4	683	3
Computer Application Assistant	113	542	655	4
National Certificate - Refrigeration and Air-conditioning Technician	611	2	613	5
Japanese Language	355	191	546	6
National Certificate - Apparel Designing Technician	35	484	519	7
National Certificate - NVQ 5 in ICT	247	272	519	8
National Certificate - Dress Maker	14	495	509	9
Introduction to Cybersecurity	214	252	466	10
National Certificate - Welder	439	2	441	11
National Certificate - Electronic Appliances Technician	387	12	399	12
National Certificate - Hair Dresser	57	308	365	13
National Certificate - ICT Technician	79	261	340	14
National Certificate - Construction Craftsman(Masonry)	241	88	329	15
National Certificate - Draughtsperson	139	188	327	16
Tourist Driver Refresher Program	318	-	318	17
National Certificate - Aluminium Fabricator	290	4	294	18
National Certificate - Wood Craftsman (Furniture)	247	15	262	19
National Certificate - Cook	210	50	260	20

Table 4.2.4.2. Shows top 20 courses at Vocational Training Authority according to the total number of recruitments of each courses in 1st half of 2022.

SECTION - 4.3 | National Vocational Qualification (NVQ)

The highest number of NVQ certificates was issued for courses conducted by National Apprenticeship & Industrial Training Authority in the 1st half of 2022. It was 29,623. 6.5 percent of the total number of NVQ certificates was obtained qualification through Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) method. Private sector recorded 19.5 percent of the total number of NVQ certificate recipients in the 1st half of 2022. As shown in graph 4.3.2, female recipients were higher than male recipients only for National Youth Services Council.

Table 4.3.1: Number of NVQ Certificates Issued by Training Provider (2010 - 1st half of 2022)

Institute	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	1st half of 2022
DTET	1,607	1,316	2,932	3,481	4,171	4,169	6,104	8,818	11,199	8,670	4,633	5,230
NAITA	3,998	4,588	6,085	6,196	11,787	11,182	8,798	13,755	11,387	8,266	7,441	29,623
VTA	7,445	7,139	6,262	7,711	10,484	17,517	23,890	20,810	25,696	15,608	17,253	13,964
NYSC	424	534	656	720	1,244	1,957	1,219	1,780	1,933	2,118	3,897	1,495
Private	3,098	4,534	6,920	10,438	16,462	12,192	25,201	15,987	27,792	12,959	11,809	12,663
Total	16,572	18,111	22,855	28,546	44,148	47,017	65,212	61,150	78,007	47,621	45,033	62,975

Source: Tertiary and Vocational Education Commission- NVQ Certificate Printing System
Note: NVQ recipient may obtain more than one certificate.

Graph 4.3.1: Number of NVQ Certificates issued from 2010 to 2021

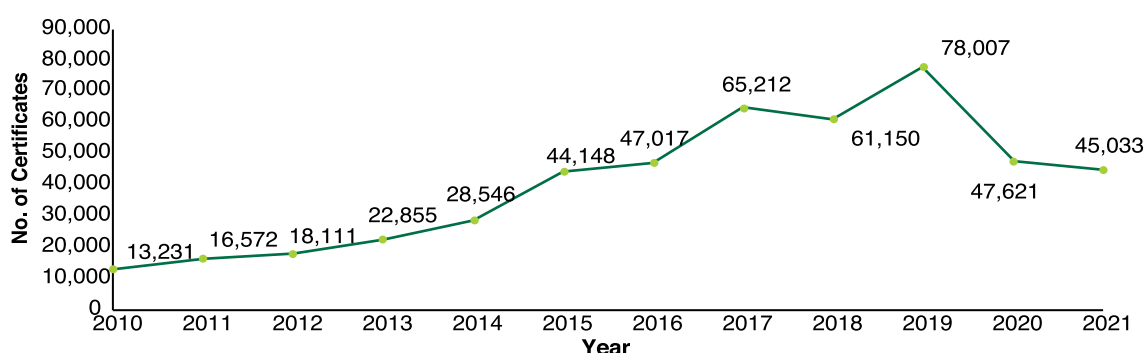


Table 4.3.2: Number of NVQ Certificate Recipients According to Training Provider by Gender in the 1st half of 2022

Institute	Recipient		
	Male	Female	Total
DTET	2,925	1,841	4,766
NAITA	19,021	10,054	29,075
VTA	6,745	4,546	11,291
NYSC	523	839	1,362
PVT	7,024	4,276	11,300
Total	36,238	21,556	57,794

Source: Tertiary and Vocational Education Commission NVQ Division

Graph 4.3.2: Number of NVQ Certificate Recipients According to Training Provider by Gender in the 1st half of 2022

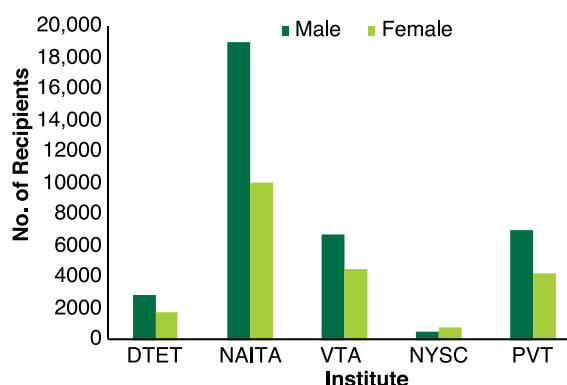


Table 4.3.3: NVQ Certificates Issued by Occupation and Training Provider in the 1st half of 2022

NCS	Description	DTET		NAITA			VTA		NYSC	Pri-vate	Total
		CBT	RPL	CBT	RPL	EBT	CBT	RPL			
A01S003	Field Assistant (Agriculture)	177				4,255			30	107	4,569
E40S001	Electrician	797	43	3	268	514	1,347	769	50	336	4,127
K72S003	Computer Applications Assistant	153		1	63	399	714	9	307	2,332	3,978
N85S027	Community Health Assistant					3,779					3,779
K72S004	Information and Communication Technology Technicia	673		284	22		1,540	8	401	144	3,072
I60S001	Driver				18	3,032					3,050
F45S005	Construction Craftsman (Masonry)	9	3		153	2,303	167	3			2,638
N85S010	Care Giver				12	2,231				114	2,357
H55S003	Cook	7			104	134	1,307	81	24	425	2,082
O93S001	Beautician			1	91	216	814	70	144	553	1,889
A01S001	Plant Nursery Development Assistant	29			7	1,614	12		25	61	1,748
N85S028	Drug Prevention Assistant					1,585					1,585
G50S003	Automobile Mechanic	197	3	116	34	71	303	5	37	707	1,473
L75S004	Disaster Risk Reduction Assistant					1,360					1,360
N85S015	Care Giver (Please refer N85S010 NCS)									1,294	1,294
O93S002	Hair Dresser			3	77	31	491	59	97	421	1,179
D15S002	Baker				64	2	441	24	42	511	1,084
D29S002	Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Mechanic	115			75	44	352	1	29	287	903
K74S004	Clerk (General)				58	199				596	853
D28S002	Welder	96	6		73	11	415	8		154	763
F45S008	Construction Equipment Operator				38					689	727
D18S004	Tailor	8			23	25	442	14	19	183	714
F45S009	Draughtsperson	358			25		199	13	2	107	704
L75S003	Security Officer					697					697
M80S001	Pre-School Teacher				288	163	86	9	58	79	683
A01T003	Agricultural Production Technology	28								650	678
D22S002	Computer Graphic Designer	65		65	8		399	7	87	47	678
E41S001	Plumber	85			33	277	184	36	7	31	653
G50S006	Motorcycle Mechanic	63			8	74	488	3	14		650
D36S001	Wood Craftsman (Furniture)	23	1	3	102	210	237	2		45	623
I63S002	Heavy Vehicle Operator				61					490	551
K72S001	Computer Hardware Technician	111		8	8		382	1	11	20	541
K74S002	Receptionist				3	478				40	521
G52S006	Customer Services Assistant					490					490
A02S002	Environment Conservation Assistant					475					475
N85S024	Child Caregiver				3	366	99	1			469
D29S001	Machinist	116	1	16	9	14	175	1	3	118	453
J65S001	Business Associate	323				6				45	374
G50S002	Automobile Electrician	15		59	22	31	51	3	21	162	364
O93S008	Bridal Dresser				291					56	347
F45S004	Wood Craftsman (Building)				101	189	19			1	310
F45S003	Aluminium Fabricator	45			4		227	1		15	292
F45S006	Construction Site Supervisor	182		25	16					26	249
N85S002	Nurse Assistant			11	18	109				111	249
F45T001	Construction Technology	208								14	222
H55S005	Food & Beverage				7		135	8		69	219
F45S007	Assistant Quantity Surveyor	134			1		65			18	218
O92S006	Physical Fitness Trainer				2					198	200
O92S001	Landscaping Technician				3		150	4		34	191
D18S001	Industrial Sewing Machine Operator						188				188
H55S001	Waiter/ Steward					166	14			7	187
G50S001	Automobile Air Conditioning Mechanic	68		16		18	68			12	182
D32S003	Electronic Appliances Technician	36	26				108	6	4		180
H55S002	Room Attendant				2	46	110	6		15	179
F45T002	Quantity Surveying	138					19			20	177
K72T001	Information and Communication Technology	124					46			3	173
K72S002	Computer Network Technician	76			3		28		8	35	150
G50S004	Automobile Painter				13	11	58	4		49	135
K74S001	Secretary(Secretarial Practices)	23					103	2	4		132
I64S001	Telecommunication Technician	13	61	3	54						131

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SECTION 4 | SUPPLY OF LABOUR

Labour Market Information Bulletin - Volume 1/2022

Cont....

NCS	Description	DTET		NAITA			VTA		NYSC	Pri-vate	Total
		CBT	RPL	CBT	RPL	EBT	CBT	RPL			
E40S006	Linesman (Electrical)							112			112
E40S009	Solar Photovoltaic Systems Installer/Solar Photovo					96	14	2			112
D18S007	Pattern Maker						109	1			110
O95S001	Domestic Housekeeping Assistant					77				24	101
D15T001	Food Technology	88								9	97
G50S005	Automobile Tinker			9	10	8	52			17	96
D28S006	Welding Technician (Manual Metal Arc)					94					94
O92S008	Sport Masseur				17					73	90
A01S022	Livestock Assistant					89					89
B05T002	Aquaculture and Aquatic Resources Management									88	88
M80T003	Teaching English as a Second Language	84									84
E40T001	Electrical Technology	45								35	80
D32S001	Radio, TV and Allied Equipment Repairer	42					7		19	10	78
N85T003	Occupational Safety and Health Sector									78	78
E40S003	Electric Motor Winder						77				77
F45S002	Painter (Building)				75						75
I63S018	Transport Assistant					72					72
N85S021	Child Care Center Operations					53				19	72
L75S002	Fireman				61	9					70
K72S012	Multimedia Designing Associate						69				69
G50T001	Automobile Technology	42								22	64
D18S005	Quality Controller(Apparel Production)						62				62
D29S004	Sewing Machine Mechanic						62				62
F45S018	Multi Skilled Construction Craftsman	62									62
K74S006	Survey Field Assistant				8				4	48	60
D33S001	Industrial Mechatronics Technician									59	59
D17S003	Handloom Craftsman				58						58
D33T001	Mechatronics Technology	49								7	56
G50S017	Diesel Engine Mechanic				10	4				39	53
G50S007	Three Wheeler Mechanic	33				5	7	1	6		52
D32S002	Industrial Electronic Craftsman	18								33	51
N85S018	General Child Care (Please refer N85S010 NCS)				2	46					48
D28S001	Fabricator (Metal)						28	1		18	47
G52S003	Mobile Phone Repairing Craftsman				3		4		13	26	46
H55T001	Travel and Tour Management									45	45
A01S014	Combine Harvester Operator									44	44
D36S003	Jewellery Maker (Goldsmith)		5				38			1	44
I63S001	Store Keeper				13					30	43
A01S015	Four Wheel Tractor Operator									36	36
D29T001	Production Technology	29								6	35
F45S001	Bar Bender				32	3					35
H55S006	Guest Relation Agent (Front Office Operations)						7			28	35
E40S002	Household Electrical Appliance Repairer	14					9			10	33
F45T004	Building Service Technology									33	33
G50S008	Agricultural Equipment Mechanic						11		21		32
G52S004	Petroleum Customer Service Assistant					32					32
G52T002	Accounting Sector	32									32
K74S009	Assistant Bungalow Keeper					32					32
D15S001	Fruit and Vegetable Processor	16					15				31
A02T001	Forestry									30	30
D26S001	Lapidarist								7	23	30
N85S022	Caregiver (Elder)							5		25	30
I63T001	Maritime and Logistics Management									28	28
N85S004	Dental Surgery Nurse Assistant									28	28
A01T001	Farm Machinery Technology	10								17	27
D22S003	Offset Litho Machine Operator				8	2	7			10	27
B05S003	Scuba Diver				5					20	25
D15S010	Cake Decorator				24				1		25
A01T005	Post - Harvest Technology	13								10	23
F45S011	Laboratory Technician (Construction Sector)				22						22
O90S003	Municipal Solid Waste Work Supervisor				20						20
K72S005	Web Developer						19				19

Cont....

Cont....

NCS	Description	DTET		NAITA			VTA		NYSC	Pri-vate	Total
		CBT	RPL	CBT	RPL	EBT	CBT	RPL			
D15S003	Milk Collecting Centre Assistant					18					18
N85S012	Pharmacy Technician				1	9				8	18
D19S001	Footwear Craftsman				17						17
D32T001	Electronic Technology									17	17
H55S010	Professional Cookery				1					16	17
I63S015	Reefer Container Technician									17	17
K72S014	Software Developer						12			5	17
K72S015	Computer Hardware and Network Technician						7			10	17
B05S004	Aquaculture Technician									16	16
H55T003	Hospitality Management									16	16
E40S004	Pneumatic Technician						13			2	15
N85S001	Bio-Medical Technician									15	15
D28S004	Fitter (General)				1		13				14
I63S016	Vehicle Lube Serviceman					14					14
L75S001	Lifeguard					13				1	14
A01T006	Plantation Crop Technology									13	13
D18S008	Production Supervisor (Sewing)						13				13
D22S004	Book Binder					1	12				13
G50T003	Marine Machinery Maintenance Technology									13	13
D36S002	Jewellery Stone Setter						12				12
G52S005	Automobile Techno Commercial Sales Assistant									11	11
A01S006	Assistant Field Officer (Tea)				10						10
D18T001	Fashion Design Technology						10				10
O90S004	Field Assistant Mosquito Control				9						9
O93T001	Cosmetology									8	8
F45S019	Aluminium Fabrication with Interior Decoration						7				7
K74S003	Cashier (Super Market/ General)									7	7
B05S002	Fishing Vessel Skipper									6	6
G50S010	Construction Equipment Mechanic									6	6
G52T001	Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Technology	5								1	6
H55S004	Bartender				1					5	6
N85S016	Elder Care Assistant (Please refer N85S010 NCS)					5					5
N85S023	Phlebotomist				5						5
G50S011	Floating (Fisheries) Vessel Mechanic									4	4
D15S004	Dairy Farming Assistant				3						3
D36S004	Wood Carving Artist						3				3
G50S009	Outboard Motor Mechanic					1	2				3
I63S010	Transport Supervisor				3						3
I64T001	Telecommunication Technology	3									3
D32T003	Television Program Production Technology									2	2
F45S017	Tiler					2					2
G50S013	Diesel Pump Mechanic									2	2
A01S016	Field Officer (Tea)				1						1
BCS04	Advancing Career Skills	1									1
F45T003	Drafting Technology									1	1
G52S002	Supermarket Customer Service Assistant					1					1
H55S023	Water Craft Operator									1	1
K74S005	Photographer				1						1
N85S007	Laboratory Assistant				1						1
O92S004	Video Editor / Assistant Editor				1						1
O92S005	Florist				1						1
Total		5,081	149	623	2,689	26,311	12,684	1,280	1,495	12,663	62,975

Note: - *All issued Certificates (RPL & CBT) are included.
 ** NVQ Level 5/6 Certificates in technology sectors

DTET - Department of Technical Education and Training
 VTA - Vocational Training Authority

RPL - Recognition of Prior Learning
 CBT - Competency Based Training
 EBT - Enterprise Based Training
 NAITA - National Apprenticeship & Industrial Training Authority
 NYSC - National Youth Services Council

Table 4.3.4: NVQ Certificates Issued by Industry Sector and Occupation up to 30th June 2022

Industry Sector	Occupation	Number of issued certificates			
		CBT	EBT	RPL	Grand Total
(A) Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry	Agricultural Production Technology	2,825			2,825
	Assistant Factory Officer (Tea)	2		13	15
	Assistant Field Officer (Tea)			99	99
	Cinnamon Factory Operations	46	6	802	854
	Cinnamon Field Operations	39		21	60
	Combine Harvester Operator	257			257
	Environment Conservation Assistant		475		475
	Farm Machinery Technology	153			153
	Field Assistant (Agriculture)	3,831	4,255	231	8,317
	Field Officer (Rubber)			18	18
	Field Officer (Tea)	25		1	26
	Forestry	111			111
	Four Wheel Tractor Operator	36			36
	Livestock Assistant		89		89
	Plant Nursery Development Assistant	1,594	1,677	39	3,310
	Plantation Crop Technology	13			13
	Post - Harvest Technology	138			138
	Tea Factory Officer	26			26
	Total	9,096	6,502	1,224	16,822
(B) Fishing	Aquaculture and Aquatic Resources Management	153			153
	Aquaculture Technician	30			30
	Fishing Vessel Skipper	6			6
	Scuba Diver	165		6	171
(BCS) Common	Total	354		6	360
	Advancing Career Skills	706			706
	Basic Competencies to Work	23,425		308	23,733
	Building Career Skills	3,461			3,461
	Developing Career Skills	371			371
(D) Manufacturing	Total	27,963		308	28,271
	Apparel Design Technician		9		9
	Baker	13,715	123	2,237	16,075
	Batik Artist			2	2
	Blaster Painter			13	13
	Book Binder	146	44	81	271
	Cake Decorator	30		35	65
	Commis (Pastry & Bakery)			4	4
	Computer Graphic Designer	7,354	35	328	7,717
	Dairy Farming Assistant			93	93
	Desktop Publisher	171		39	210
	Dress Maker/ Tailor (Ladies)	20			20
	Electronic Appliances Technician	382		39	421
	Electronic Technology	20			20
	Fabric Cutter			17	17
	Fabricator (Metal)	542		293	835
	Fashion Design Technology	32			32
	Fiberglass Laminator			2	2
	Fitter (General)	37	24	1,184	1,245
	Food Technology	513			513
	Footwear Craftsman	405		54	459
	Fruit and Vegetable Processor	543		40	583
	Handloom Craftsman	7		116	123
	Industrial Electronic Craftsman	177			177
	Industrial Mechatronics Technician	381			381
	Industrial Sewing Machine Operator	3,665		427	4,092
	Jewellery Design And Manufacturing Technology	24			24
	Jewellery Maker (Goldsmith)	561		154	715
	Jewellery Stone Setter	292		5	297
	Lapidarist	143		7	150
	Leather Product Craftsman	55			55
	Machine Operator (Beverage Industry)			48	48
	Machinist	5,600	33	543	6,176
	Mechatronics Technology	498			498
	Milk Collecting Centre Assistant		18		18
	Milking Machine Operator			5	5
	Millwright Technician	30			30
	Offset Litho Machine Operator	374	13	192	579
	Pattern Maker	1,076		31	1,107
	Plastic Processing Machine Operator			10	10
	Printing Machine Mechanic		4	2	6
	Production Supervisor (Sewing)	126		46	172
	Production Technology	194			194
	Quality Controller(Apparel Production)	802		18	820
	Radio, TV and Allied Equipment Repairer	3,513		489	4,002
	Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Mechanic	12,068	315	1,002	13,385
	Rubber Processing Machine Operator			1	1
	Sewing Machine Mechanic	827		49	876
	Tailor	7,847	121	1,796	9,764
	Television Post-Production Technology	16			16
	Television Program Production Technology	14			14
	Tool and Die Maker	79		14	93
	Upholsterer			6	6
	Welder	17,441	229	3,092	20,762
	Welding Technician (Manual Metal Arc)		94		94
	Welding Technology	68			68
	Wood Carving Artist	21		4	25
	Wood Craftsman (Furniture)	7,648	210	1,590	9,448
	Work Study Officer	194		1	195
	Total	87,651	1,272	14,109	103,032

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Industry Sector	Occupation	Number of issued certificates			
		CBT	EBT	RPL	Grand Total
(E) Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	Boiler Operator			11	11
	Domestic Plumber	10			10
	Electric Motor Winder	2,472	40	116	2,628
	Electrical Technology	287			287
	Electrician	30,155	647	12,839	43,641
	Electrician (Domestic) - Please refer E40S001 NCS	16			16
	Household Electrical Appliance Repairer	1,280	8	31	1,319
	Industrial Plumber	18			18
	Irrigation Technology	169			169
	Linesman (Electrical)	19		112	131
	Plumber	5,166	289	1,867	7,322
	Pneumatic Technician	61		2	63
	Solar Photovoltaic Systems Installer/Solar Photovoltaic Systems Technician	19	96	2	117
	Total	39,672	1,080	14,980	55,732
(F) Construction	Aluminium Fabrication with Interior Decoration	21			21
	Aluminium Fabricator	6,493		304	6,797
	Assistant Quantity Surveyor	3,420		130	3,550
	Bar Bender	72	4	250	326
	Building Service Technology	109			109
	Building Services Technician			1	1
	Construction Craftsman (Masonry)	6,440	10,127	5,896	22,463
	Construction Equipment Operator	7,789		791	8,580
	Construction Site Supervisor	3,343		441	3,784
	Construction Technology	1,984			1,984
	Drafting Technology	61			61
	Draughtsperson	5,950		700	6,650
	Elevator Technician	30		12	42
	Laboratory Technician (Construction Sector)	9		66	75
	Multi Skilled Construction Craftsman	180	27		207
	Painter (Building)	23		383	406
	Quantity Surveying	1,850			1,850
	Road Construction Craftsman	26			26
	Road Construction Site Equipment Operator	18		19	37
	Scaffolder	30			30
	Tiler	24	2	13	39
	Wood Craftsman (Building)	1,470	272	1,852	3,594
	Total	39,342	10,432	10,858	60,632
(G) Wholesale and Retail Trade	Accounting Sector	176			176
	Agricultural Equipment Mechanic	743		10	753
	Automobile Air Conditioning Mechanic	1,611	138	101	1,850
	Automobile Electrician	3,621	207	408	4,236
	Automobile Mechanic	17,637	659	3,003	21,299
	Automobile Painter	1,543	107	405	2,055
	Automobile Techno Commercial Sales Assistant	25			25
	Automobile Technology	648			648
	Automobile Tinker	1,262	51	226	1,539
	Construction Equipment Mechanic	145		69	214
	Customer Services Assistant		490		490
	Diesel Engine Mechanic	125	4	51	180
	Diesel Pump Mechanic	117		11	128
	Floating (Fisheries) Vessel Mechanic	10		7	17
	Marine Machinery Maintenance Technology	13			13
	Mobile Phone Repairing Craftsman	107		3	110
	Motorcycle Mechanic	9,102	274	795	10,171
	Outboard Motor Mechanic	241	4	11	256
	Petroleum Customer Service Assistant		32		32
	Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Technology	272			272
	Sales Representative		10	59	69
	Supermarket Customer Service Assistant		47		47
	Three Wheeler Mechanic	2,632	78	139	2,849
	Vehicle Body Repair Technician (Painting)	61			61
	Total	40,091	2,101	5,298	47,490
(H) Hotel and Restaurants	Bartender	65		3	68
	Cook	11,807	639	1,249	13,695
	Event Management	56			56
	Food & Beverage	673		40	713
	Guest Relation Agent (Front Office Operations)	147			147
	Hospitality Management	82			82
	Housekeeping Supervisor	17		4	21
	Professional Cookery	16		18	34
	Room Attendant	1,419	310	59	1,788
	Spa and Leisure Tourism Operations Assistant			1	1
	Travel and Tour Management	174			174
	Waiter/ Steward	2,713	386	126	3,225
	Water Craft Operator	1			1
	Total	17,170	1,335	1,500	20,005
(I) Transport, Storage and Communications	Crane Operator (Level Luffing Jib)			30	30
	Driver		3,032	34	3,066
	Heavy Vehicle Operator	1,662		655	2,317
	Maritime and Logistics Management	51			51
	Reefer Container Technician	27			27
	Rigger			75	75
	Store Keeper	175	2	505	682
	Telecommunication Technician	371		1,303	1,674
	Telecommunication Technology	99			99
	Time Keeper			12	12
	Tour Guiding	20			20
	Transport Assistant		72		72
	Transport Supervisor			4	4
	Travel & Tour Operations			2	2

Cont....

Cont....

Industry Sector	Occupation	Number of issued certificates			
		CBT	EBT	RPL	Grand Total
	Vehicle Lube Serviceman		14		14
	Vehicle Serviceman and Interior Cleaner		6	71	77
	Wharf Clerk			2	2
	Total	2,405	3,126	2,693	8,224
(J) Financial Inter-mediation	Business Associate	2,406	12	1	2,419
	Total	2,406	12	1	2,419
(K) Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	Assistant Bungalow Keeper		32		32
	Cashier (Super Market/ General)	22		2	24
	Clerk (General)	2,684	824	2,300	5,808
	Computer Applications Assistant	51,632	399	6,181	58,212
	Computer Hardware and Network Technician	107			107
	Computer Hardware Technician	9,181		805	9,986
	Computer Network Technician	1,872		172	2,044
	ICT Application Assistant (Please refer K72S003 NCS)	223			223
	Information and Communication Technology	2,898			2,898
	Information and Communication Technology Technician	39,783		604	40,387
	Mobile Phone Repair Technician (Please refer G52S003 NCS)			5	5
	Multimedia Designing Associate	164			164
	Photographer	34		99	133
	Receptionist	343	529	33	905
	Secretary(Secretarial Practices)	884		110	994
	Security and Surveillance System Technician	20			20
	Software Developer	95			95
	Survey Field Assistant	2,166		254	2,420
	Survey Plan Repairer			3	3
	Web Developer	79			79
	Total	112,187	1,784	10,568	124,539
(L) Public Administration and Deference	Disaster Risk Reduction Assistant		1,360		1,360
	Fireman		9	61	70
	Lifeguard	20	13	8	41
	Security Officer	30	697	14	741
	Total	50	2,079	83	2,212
(M) Education	Pre-School Management	7			7
	Pre-School Teacher	2,020	322	3,577	5,919
	Teaching English as a Second Language	362			362
	Total	2,389	322	3,577	6,288
(N) Health and Social Work	Bio Medical Equipment Technology	75			75
	Bio-Medical Technician	39		5	44
	Care Giver	480	2,257	55	2,792
	Care Giver (Please refer N85S010 NCS)	3,173			3,173
	Caregiver (Elder)	34		5	39
	Child Care Center Operations	110	80		190
	Child Caregiver	125	367	4	496
	Community Health Assistant		3,779		3,779
	Dental Surgery Nurse Assistant	127		6	133
	Drug Prevention Assistant		1,585		1,585
	Elder Care Assistant (Please refer N85S010 NCS)		88	26	114
	First Aider	18		48	66
	General Child Care (Please refer N85S010 NCS)	456	273	3	732
	Laboratory Assistant			103	103
	Nurse Assistant	3,799	408	441	4,648
	Occupational Safety and Health Officer	68			68
	Occupational Safety and Health Sector	167			167
	Optician (Ophthalmic/Technician)	30		71	101
	Pharmacy Technician	25	9	279	313
	Phlebotomist			5	5
	Total	8,726	8,846	1,051	18,623
(O) Other Community, Social and Personal Service Activities	Beautician	25,922	216	7,668	33,806
	Bridal Dresser	88		1,285	1,373
	Cosmetology	171			171
	Domestic Housekeeping Assistant	19,188	77	339	19,604
	Dry Cleaning and Laundry Processor			5	5
	Field Assistant Mosquito Control			9	9
	Florist			2	2
	Gaffer (Film and TV lighting person)			2	2
	Hair Dresser	16,579	91	2,547	19,217
	Landscaping Technician	1,692		54	1,746
	Make-Up Artist	53		3	56
	Municipal Solid Waste Operation Assistant	1		829	830
	Municipal Solid Waste Work Supervisor			20	20
	Physical Fitness Trainer	738		45	783
	Sport Masseur	137		17	154
	Sports Science (Sector)	34			34
	Video Editor / Assistant Editor			29	29
	Total	64,603	384	12,854	77,841
Grand Total		454,105	39,275	79,110	572,490

CBT - Competency Based Training
EBT - Enterprise Based Training
RPL- Recognition of Prior Learning

SECTION - 4.4 | SCHOOL PERFORMANCE

Table 4.4.1: Performance of School Candidates who sat for the G.C.E. (O/L) Examination by District; 2019 - 2021

District	Number sat for exam			Number Qualified for G.C.E. (A/L)		
	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021
Colombo	32,771	33,618	33,618	25,919	26,691	26,487
Gampaha	29,553	29,771	29,727	22,024	22,127	22,405
Kalutara	17,511	17,465	17,954	12,728	13,105	12,962
Kandy	21,629	22,023	21,456	16,038	17,252	16,279
Matale	7,641	7,837	7,487	5,403	5,733	5,399
Nuwara Eliya	11,447	11,403	11,217	7,445	8,437	7,906
Galle	16,198	16,607	16,565	12,359	13,379	12,758
Matara	12,315	12,231	12,869	9,756	10,101	10,235
Hambantota	9,667	9,858	10,053	7,783	8,191	7,867
Jaffna	8,520	8,562	8,465	5,902	6,208	6,123
Mannar	2,254	2,242	2,159	1,364	1,553	1,611
Vavuniya	1,607	1,580	1,613	1,200	1,227	1,227
Mullaitivu	2,545	2,535	2,477	1,723	1,834	1,752
Kilinochchi	1,696	1,658	1,849	1,070	1,194	1,289
Batticaloa	8,044	7,788	8,603	5,584	5,782	6,708
Ampara	10,307	10,193	11,226	7,644	7,843	8,482
Trincomalee	5,864	5,759	6,066	3,784	3,915	4,011
Kurunegala	24,853	25,152	25,780	19,284	19,626	19,073
Puttalam	10,816	11,134	11,094	7,565	8,129	7,540
Anuradhapura	14,294	14,489	14,637	10,292	11,049	10,423
Polonnaruwa	6,171	6,307	6,656	4,398	4,608	4,696
Badulla	13,696	13,539	13,430	9,772	10,285	9,792
Moneragala	7,345	7,547	7,471	4,989	5,807	5,465
Ratnapura	16,314	16,240	16,243	12,110	12,235	11,945
Kegalle	12,369	12,596	12,606	9,403	9,704	9,547
Island	305,427	308,134	311,321	225,539	236,015	231,982

Table 4.4.2: Performance of School Candidates who sat for the G.C.E. (A/L) Examination by District; 2019- 2021

District	Number sat for Exam			Number Qualified for University Entrance		
	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021
Colombo	27,335	30,390	30,379	18,625	20,799	19,267
Gampaha	22,612	24,554	25,404	14,506	16,347	15,467
Kalutara	12,837	15,411	15,534	8,670	10,236	9,691
Kandy	17,867	20,625	20,959	11,027	13,004	12,908
Matale	6,117	6,941	6,634	3,858	4,564	4,279
Nuwara Eliya	6,786	8,170	8,228	4,465	5,283	5,315
Galle	13,653	15,879	15,204	9,058	10,851	9,475
Matara	11,256	12,896	12,653	7,575	8,767	8,178
Hambantota	8,161	9,796	9,457	5,189	6,146	5,728
Jaffna	7,546	8,253	7,714	5,107	5,391	4,993
Mannar	1,237	1,507	1,472	854	990	965
Vavuniya	1,731	2,107	2,024	1,113	1,253	1,242
Mullaitivu	1,217	1,435	1,363	830	917	866
Kilinochchi	1,372	1,714	1,561	890	1,070	920
Batticaloa	5,274	6,639	6,811	3,368	4,040	4,396
Ampara	7,270	9,751	9,693	4,565	5,903	6,064
Trincomalee	3,685	4,915	4,962	2,358	3,063	3,282
Kurunegala	19,808	23,291	22,878	13,430	15,975	14,408
Puttalam	6,752	7,624	7,987	4,795	5,377	5,217
Anuradhapura	9,991	12,198	11,853	6,539	7,771	7,160
Polonnaruwa	4,232	5,350	4,938	2,537	3,385	2,977
Badulla	10,481	12,230	11,978	6,896	8,150	7,899
Moneragala	5,341	6,608	6,235	3,539	4,423	3,963
Ratnapura	12,422	14,706	14,457	8,209	9,763	8,955
Kegalle	10,567	12,324	12,304	6,902	8,203	7,882
Island	235,550	275,314	272,682	154,905	181,671	171,497

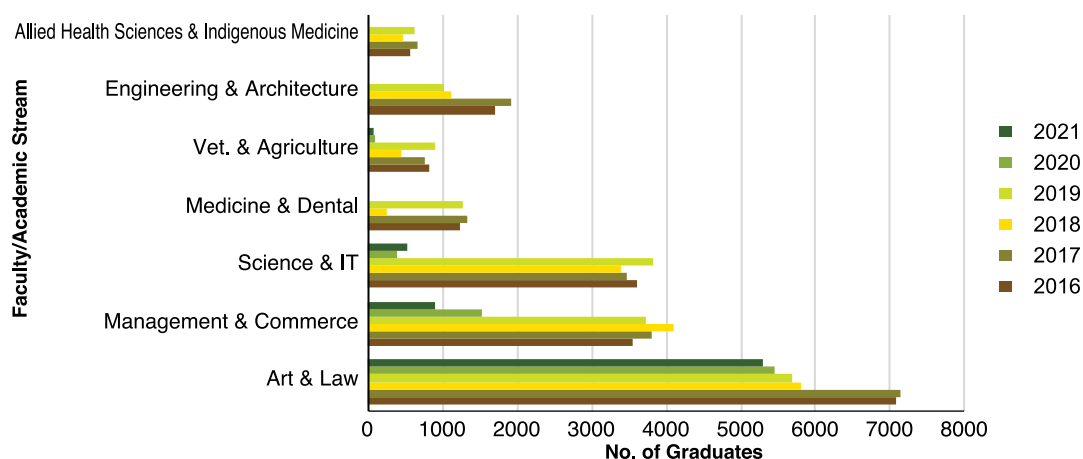
SECTION - 4.5 | UNIVERSITY PERFORMANCE

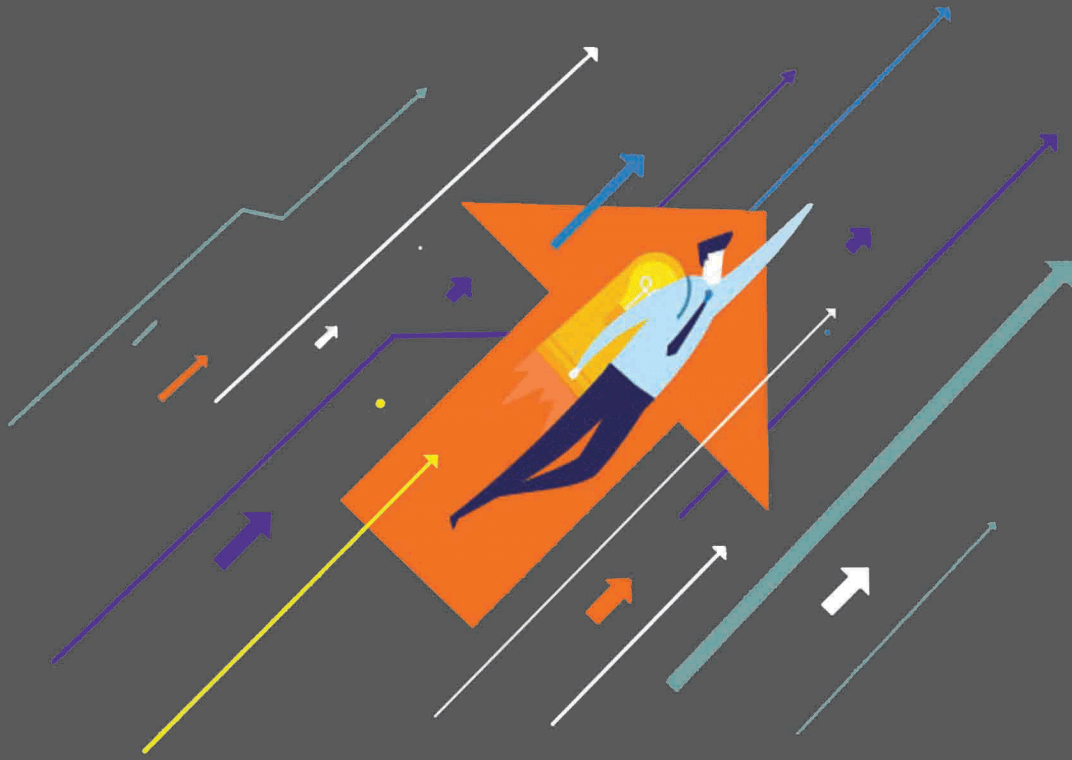
Table 4.5.1: Undergraduates Admitted and Graduates Output of Universities by Academic Stream -2016 - 2021

Faculty/ Academic Stream	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	
	Undergraduates Admitted	Graduate Output	Undergraduates Admitted	Graduate Output	Undergraduates Admitted	Graduate Output	Undergraduates Admitted	Graduate Output	Undergraduates Admitted	Graduate Output	Undergraduates Admitted	Graduate Output
Arts	9,141	6,666	8,702	6,780	9,143	5,451	9,438	5,382	10,570	5,451	10,981	5,299
Management & Commerce	5,175	3,557	5,618	3,794	5,949	4,105	5,931	3,722	7,786	1,522	8,009	901
Law	348	414	348	361	368	358	366	303	493		507	
Science	5,011	2,680	5,797	2,614	5,147	2,541	5,169	2,826	7,261	67	7,441	72
Medicine	1,266	1,135	1,306	1,176	1,484	182	1,494	1,188	1,967		2,001	
Dental Science	81	91	80	148	79	78	81	87	120		167	
Veterinary Medicine	81	73	80	79	80	77	99	54	128		140	
Agriculture	1,431	742	1,509	683	1,727	371	1,709	847	2,463	93	2,882	68
Engineering & Fashion Design/Transport and Logistic Management	1,869	1,486	1,916	1,562	1,969	824	2,021	771	2,630		2,601	
Architecture & QS	366	224	386	355	384	294	393	242	573		613	
Computer Science/IT/ICT/MIT	1,421	932	1,562	846	1,587	856	1,589	996	2,325	322	2,614	462
Allied Health Sciences	612	401	847	478	785	290	828	373	1,242	10	1,645	
Indigenous Medicine	456	169	501	186	510	170	503	248	715		761	
Technology	1,825		2,016		2,239		2,281		3,396		3,565	
Total	29,083	18,570	30,668	19,062	31,451	15,597	31,902	17,039	41,669	7,465	43,927	6,802

Source: University Grants Commission

Graph 4.5.1: Graduate Output by Major Field (2016 - 2021)





Labour Market Trends

Section 5:

This section presents the information relate to Labour Market trends in years. The section further summarizes the important areas of the Labour Market with the information produced using the data captured in the bulletin.

SECTION - 5 | WHAT SHOULD BE THE TREND OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING IN SRI LANKA?

Research studies have found that there is a clear gap between the education system and career opportunities in Sri Lanka, a developing country, due to the mismatch between many aspects of the formal education system and the labour market needs. Therefore, institutes in the public and private sectors have faced many difficulties in recruitment due to the lack of formation of an adequate workforce through formal education to meet the skills requirements of the local and international market (foreign employment opportunities). Sri Lanka's unskilled workforce was estimated to be nearly 2,100,000 in 2020, which is 25% of Sri Lanka's total workforce .

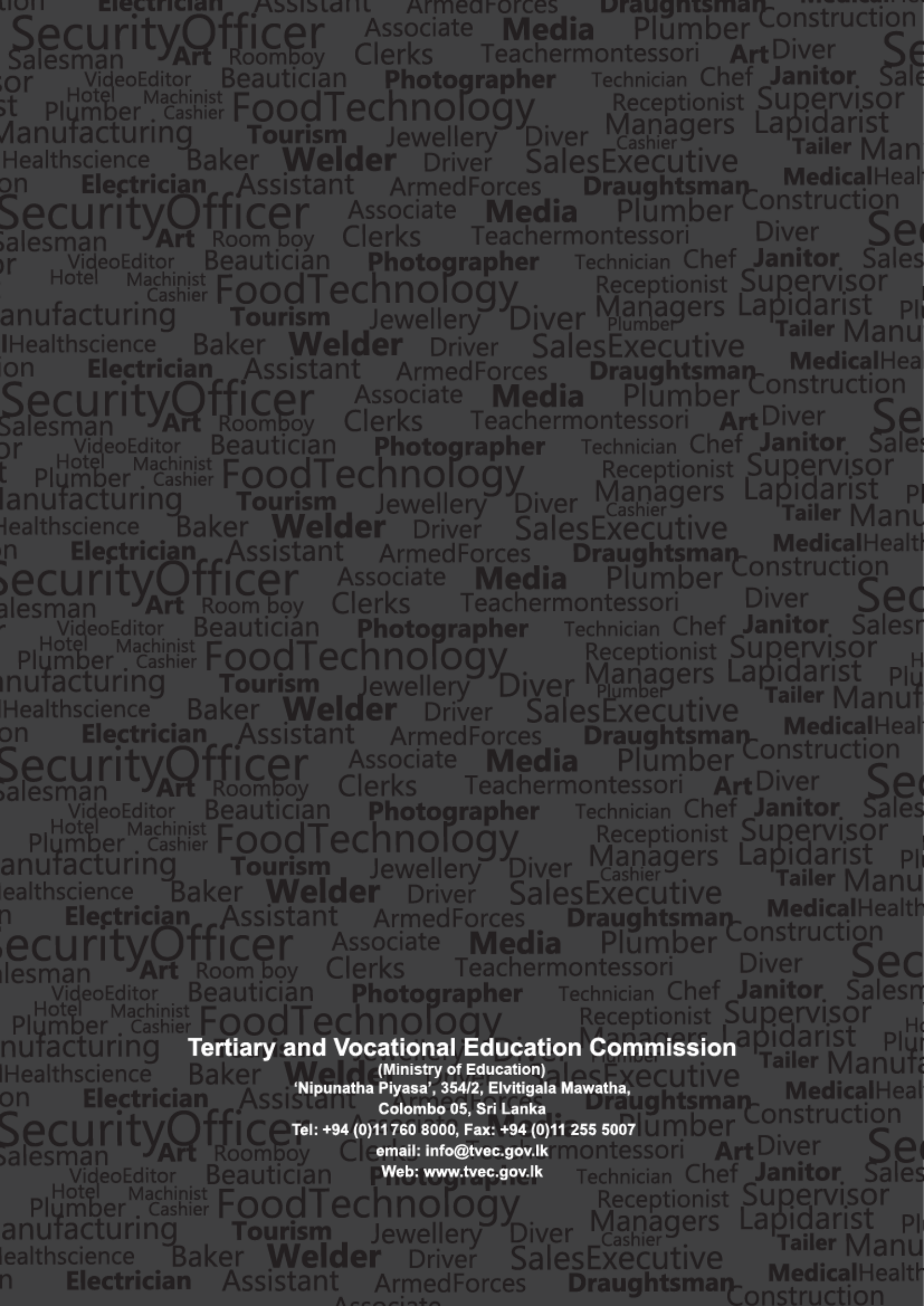
Vocational training has been identified as the best solution to overcome this situation and there has been an increasing appeal for vocational training courses among much-unemployed youth and those who are currently employed in Sri Lanka but looking for jobs abroad. Government, private and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) sector training institutes have realized that vocational training has the potential to transform unskilled workers into skilled workers. Keeping this in mind, these institutions provide vocational training to nearly 125,000 youth every year and make efforts to integrate them into the labour market. However, many studies have found the reality that most of these numbers do not have jobs suitable for the vocational training they have received. Therefore, if the follow-up system to track the employment of the trainees fails to work properly, the trainees will also be left unemployed without suitable jobs.

Therefore, if vocational training is implemented according to the country's labour market needs, then it can create an opportunity to reduce unemployment and thereby reduce the gap between supply of vocational training and demand in the labour market.

According to the newspaper survey conducted by the Tertiary and Vocational Education Commission (TVEC) on labour market demand, there has been a high demand for occupations directly related to vocational training such as Cook, Waiter, Driver (Heavy Vehicles), Construction Craftsman (Mason), Welder, Baker in Sri Lanka for the past few years. However, thousands of students are graduating each year with vocational training for careers such as Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Technicians, Beauticians, Hairdressers, and Preschool Teachers. There is a demand for these vocational training programmes in the society itself and not in the industry sector concerned.

Also, demand for careers related to nursing & caregiving is increasing due to the increase of the aging population globally. Apart from this, jobs are also available in the fields of light engineering, agriculture, tourism, and hospitality.

Therefore, Government expects that all vocational training institutes should prepare themselves to provide vocational training that ensures employment in both local & global markets. For foreign employment, institutes must focus on the requirements of their respective countries for work permits, paying close attention to the availability of jobs for Sri Lankans under the skilled category.



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